

Introduction

Péter Hegyi

Centre for Translational Medicine

p.hegyi@tm-centre.org



11th September, 2019

University of Pécs
Pécs



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

taking discoveries for patients benefits



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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Q1 WHAT IS TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE?

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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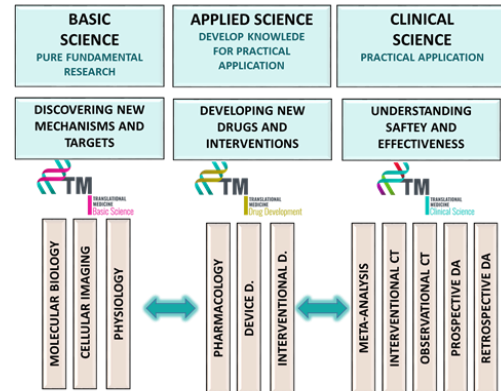
HEALTH CARE



QUESTION

PRACTICE

SCIENCE



EDUCATION
GRADUATE AND POSTGRADUATE
EDUCATION, PATIENT CLUBS
DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

- FOR PROFESSIONALS
- FOR NON-PROFESSIONALS

EDUCATION

SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATION

KNOWLEDGE PUBLICATION

KNOWLEDGE

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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HEALTH CARE



CONSULTANT

PhD STUDENTS

RESIDENT

DATA MANAGERS



NURSE

PATIENTS COORDINATOR

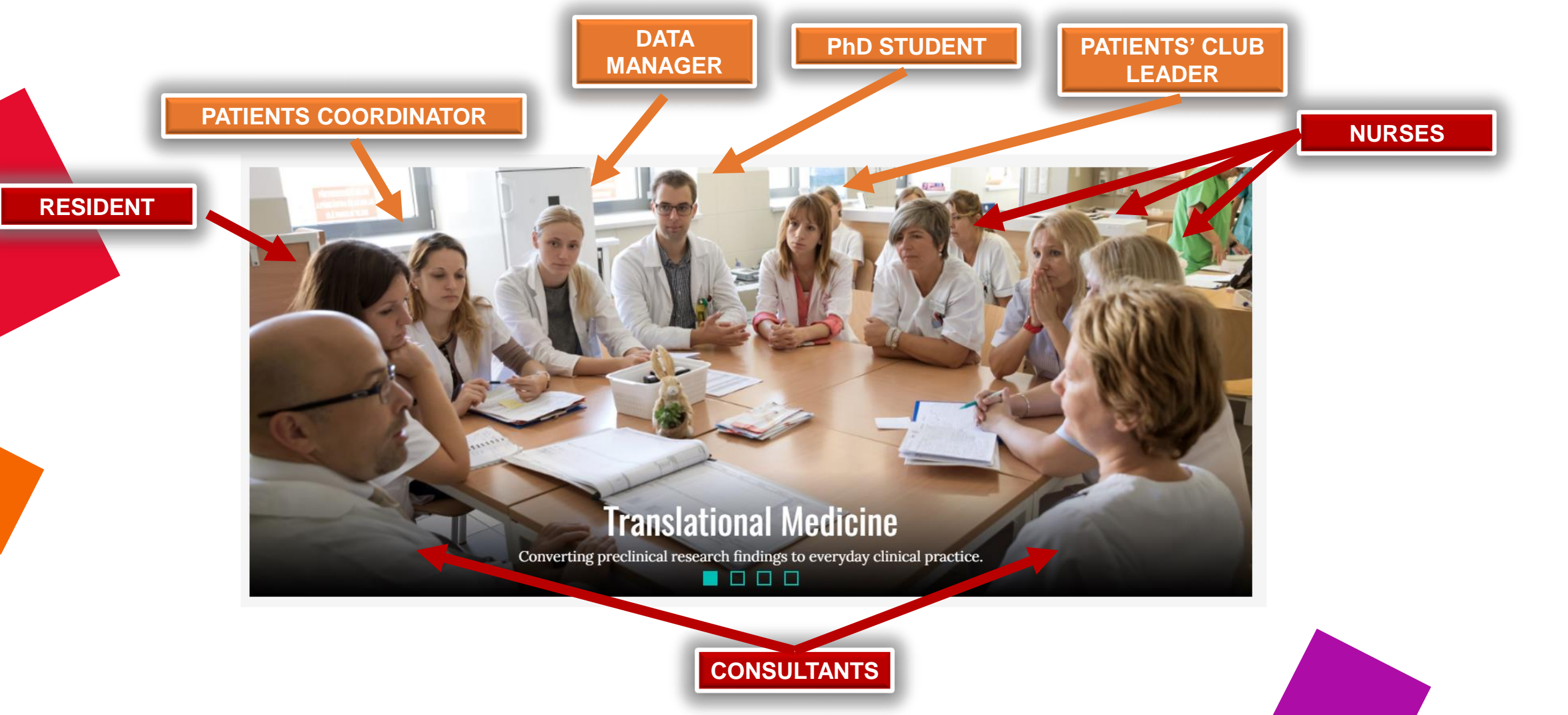
DISCIPLINES

ER
LAB MEDICINE
RADIOLOGY
ICU
SURGERY



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PATIENTS COORDINATOR

DATA
MANAGER

PhD STUDENT

PATIENTS' CLUB
LEADER

NURSES

RESIDENT



CONSULTANTS

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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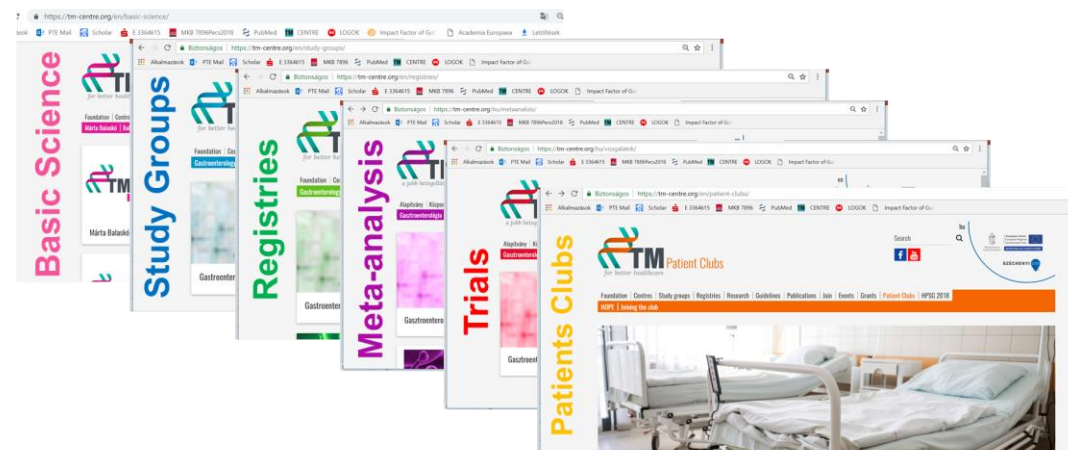


TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

WHAT WE KNOW



WHAT WE DON'T KNOW

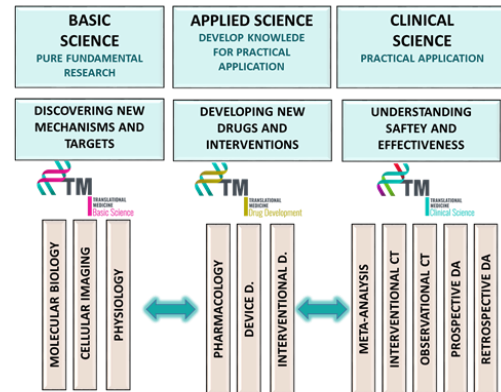


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SCIENCE

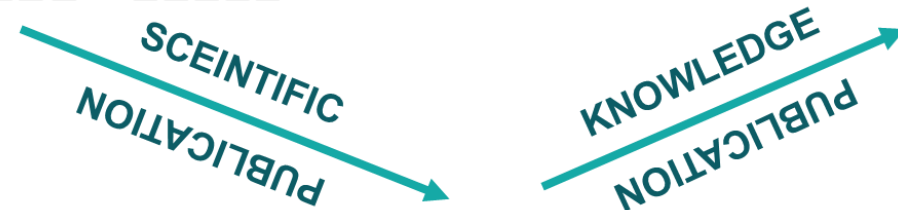


EDUCATION
GRADUATE AND POSTGRADUATE
EDUCATION, PATIENT CLUBS
DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

- FOR PROFESSIONALS
- FOR NON-PROFESSIONALS

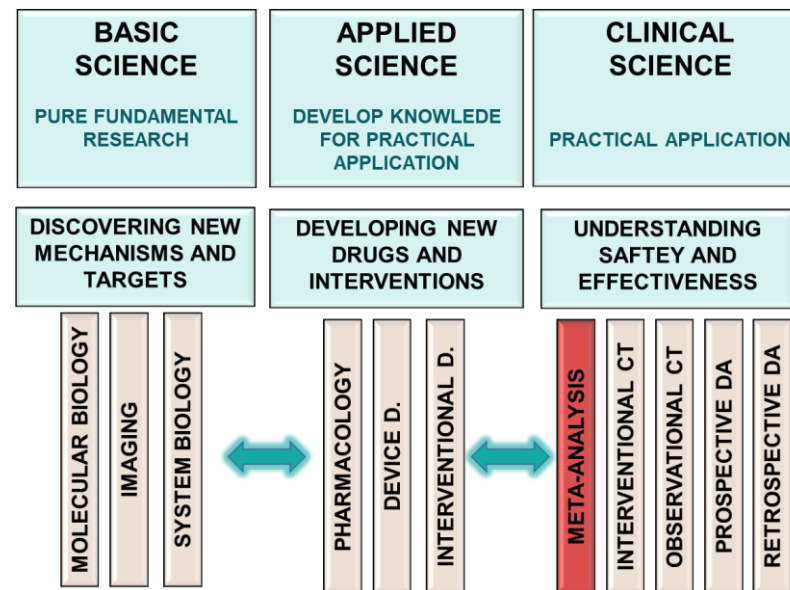
EDUCATION

HEALTH CARE



KNOWLEDGE

Q2 WHAT IS TRANSLATIONAL SCIENCE?



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UNKNOWN



KNOWN

QUESTION

HYPOTHESIS

METHODOLOGY

COLLECTING DATA

ANALYSES

ANSWERS



HUNGARIAN
PANCREATIC
STUDY GROUP

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TRANSLATIONAL
MEDICINE

Basic Science

Study Groups

Registries

Meta-analysis

Trials

Patients Clubs

ALLIANCE FOR BETTER HEALTHCARE IN GASTROENTEROLOGY

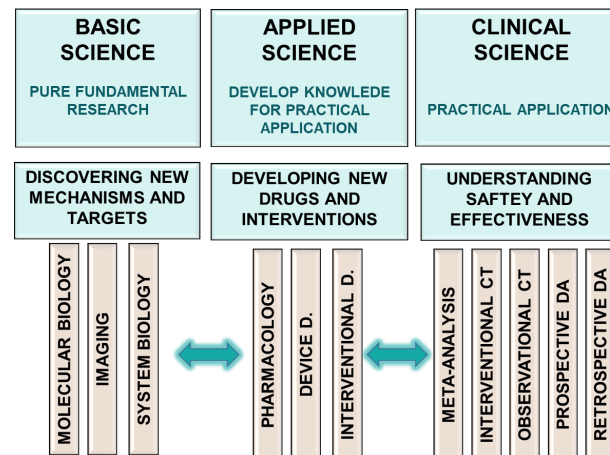
TM Patient Clubs
for better healthcare

Foundation | Centres | Study groups | Registries | Research | Guidelines | Publications | Join | Events | Grants | Patient Clubs | HPSG 2018
HOPE | Joining the club



www.tm-centre.org

Q3 WHICH METHODOLOGIES ARE USUALLY TEACHED AND USED IN HUNGARY?



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Q

BASIC SCIENCE
PURE FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH

APPLIED SCIENCE
DEVELOP KNOWLEDE FOR PRACTICAL APPLICATION

CLINICAL SCIENCE
PRACTICAL APPLICATION

A

DISCOVERING NEW MECHANISMS AND TARGETS

DEVELOPING NEW DRUGS AND INTERVENTIONS

UNDERSTANDING SAFTEY AND EFFECTIVENESS

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY
IMAGING
SYSTEM BIOLOGY



PHARMACOLOGY
DEVICE D.
INTERVENTIONAL D.



META-ANALYSIS
INTERVENTIONAL CT
OBSERVATIONAL CT
PROSPECTIVE DA
RETROSPECTIVE DA

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Q

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PURE FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH

APPLIED SCIENCE
DEVELOP KNOWLEDE FOR PRACTICAL APPLICATION

CLINICAL SCIENCE
PRACTICAL APPLICATION

A

DISCOVERING NEW MECHANISMS AND TARGETS

DEVELOPING NEW DRUGS AND INTERVENTIONS

UNDERSTANDING SAFTEY AND EFFECTIVENESS

COVERED BY MOST OF THE RESEARCH GROUPS

MOLECULAR
IMAGI
SYSTEM BI



PHARMACOLOGY
DEVICE D.
INTERVENTIONAL D.



META-ANALYSIS
INTERVENTIONAL CT
OBSERVATIONAL CT
PROSPECTIVE DA
RETROSPECTIVE DA

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PRACTICAL APPLICATION

A

DISCOVERING NEW MECHANISMS AND TARGETS

DEVELOPING NEW DRUGS AND INTERVENTIONS

UNDERSTANDING SAFTEY AND EFFECTIVENESS

COVERED BY MOST OF THE RESEARCH GROUPS

COVERED BY MOST OF THE PHARMA DEPARTMENTS

MOLECULAR
IMAGI
SYSTEM BI

GY
L D.
PHAR
D
INTER

META-ANALYSIS
INTERVENTIONAL CT
OBSERVATIONAL CT
PROSPECTIVE DA
RETROSPECTIVE DA

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Q

BASIC SCIENCE
PURE FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH

APPLIED SCIENCE
DEVELOP KNOWLEDE FOR PRACTICAL APPLICATION

CLINICAL SCIENCE
PRACTICAL APPLICATION

A

DISCOVERING NEW MECHANISMS AND TARGETS

DEVELOPING NEW DRUGS AND INTERVENTIONS

UNDERSTANDING SAFTEY AND EFFECTIVENESS

COVERED BY MOST OF THE RESEARCH GROUPS

COVERED BY MOST OF THE PHARMA DEPARTMENTS

HIGHLY COVERED BY CLINICAL GROUPS (unfortunately)

MOLECULAR
IMAGI
SYSTEM BI

PHAR
D
INTERV
L D.

META-ANALYSIS
INTERVENTIONAL CT
OBSERVATIONAL CT
PROSPECTIVE DA
RET
IVE DA

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Q

BASIC SCIENCE
PURE FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH

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PRACTICAL APPLICATION

A

DISCOVERING NEW MECHANISMS AND TARGETS

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HIGHLY COVERED BY CLINICAL GROUPS (unfortunately)

MOLECULAR
IMAGI
SYSTEM BI

PHAR
D
INTERV
L D.

PRE-ANALYSIS
INTERVENTIONAL CT
OBSERVATIONAL CT
PROSPECTIVE DA
RETROSPECTIVE DA

NOT COVERED

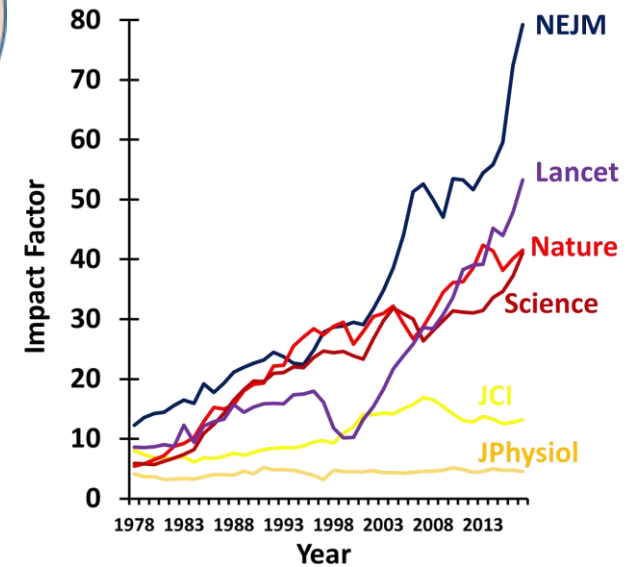
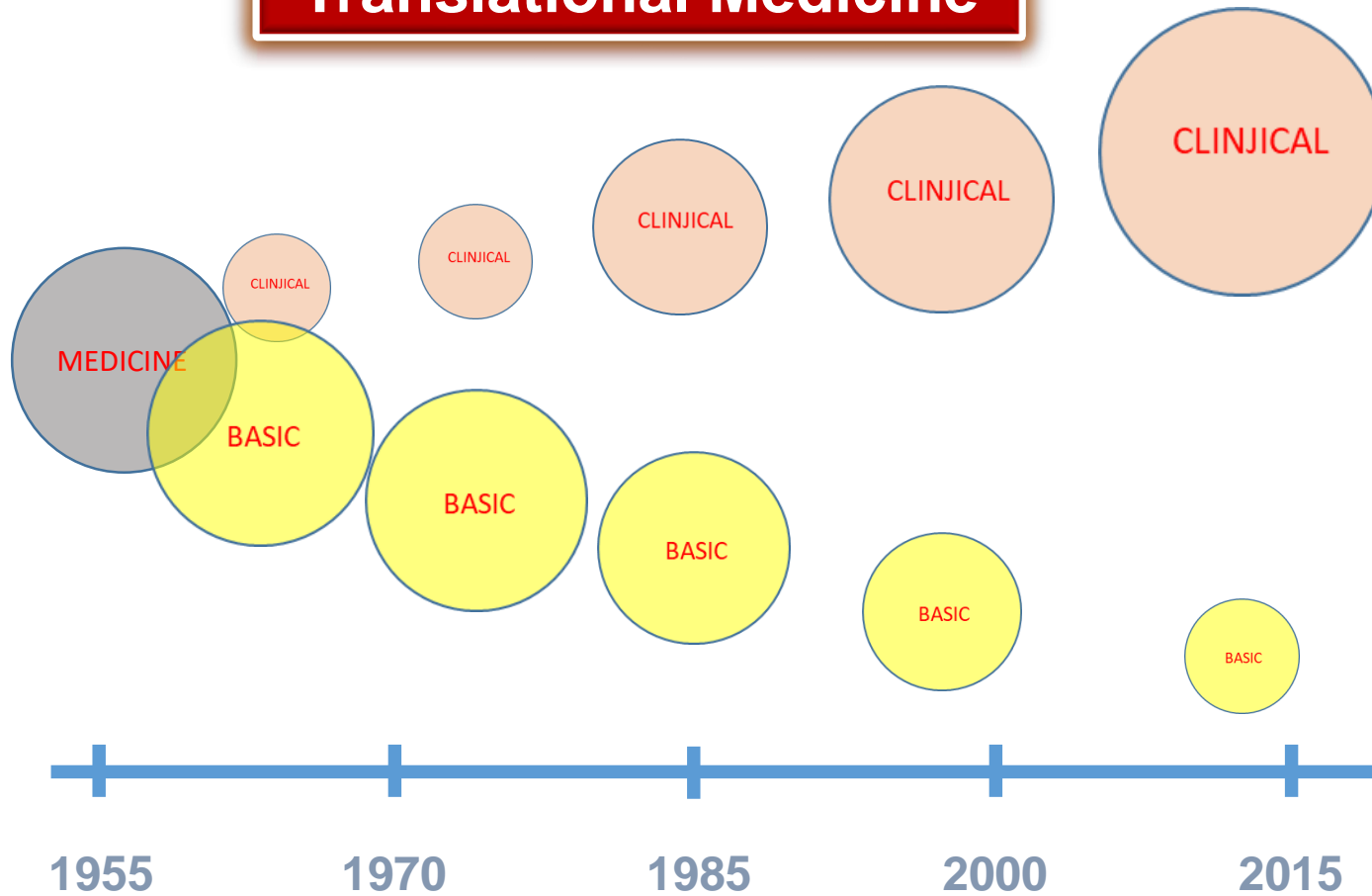
Q4 WHAT ARE THE OTHER DIFFICULTIES?

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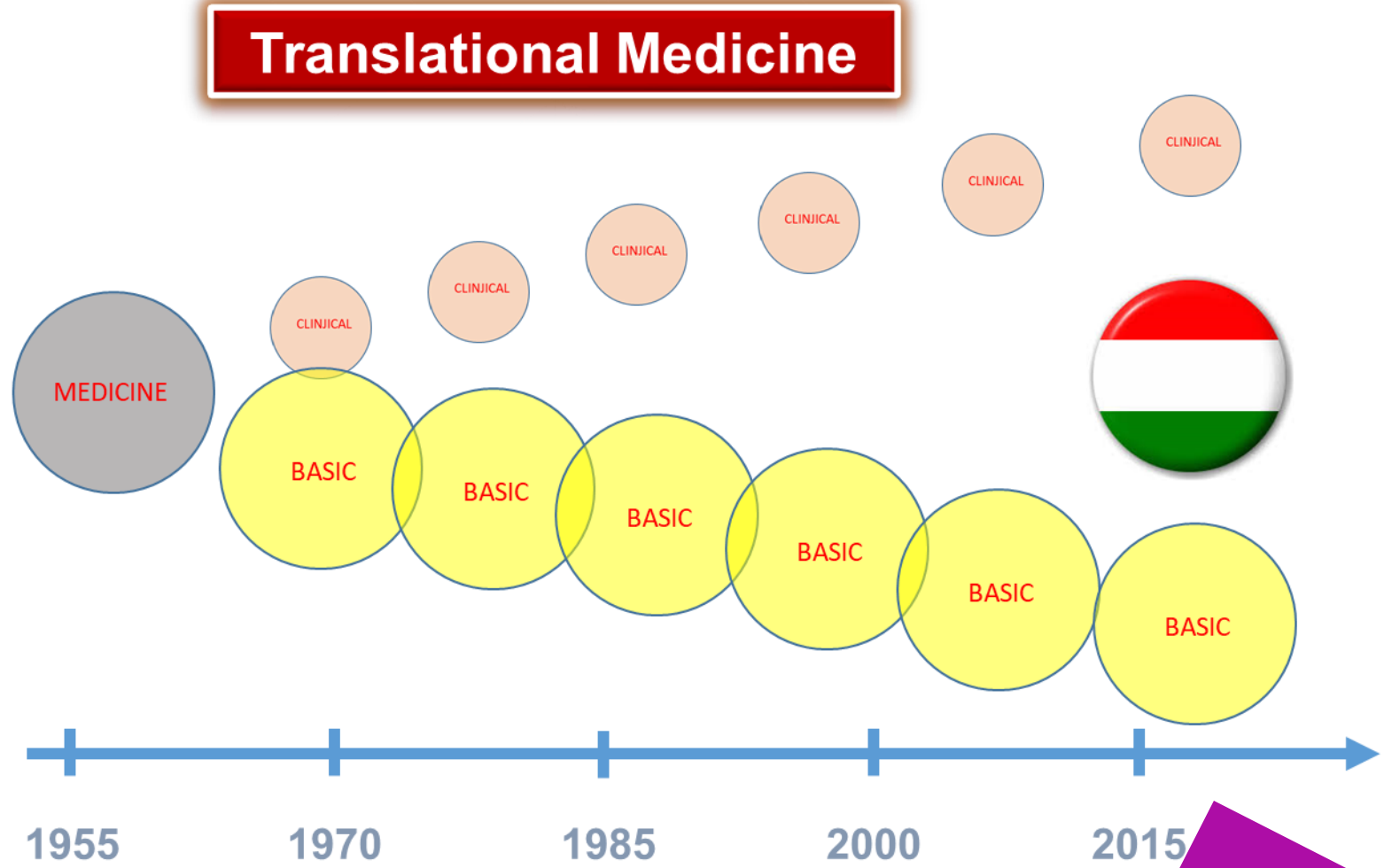
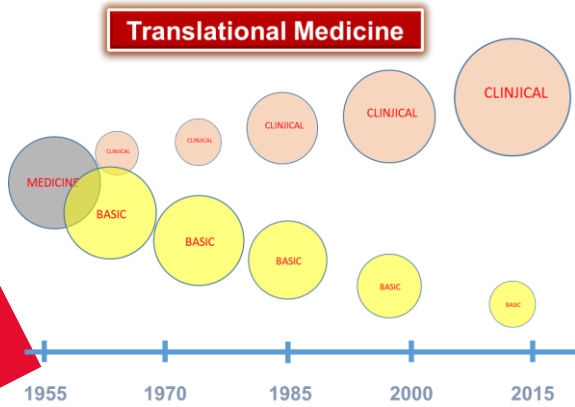


Translational Medicine



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

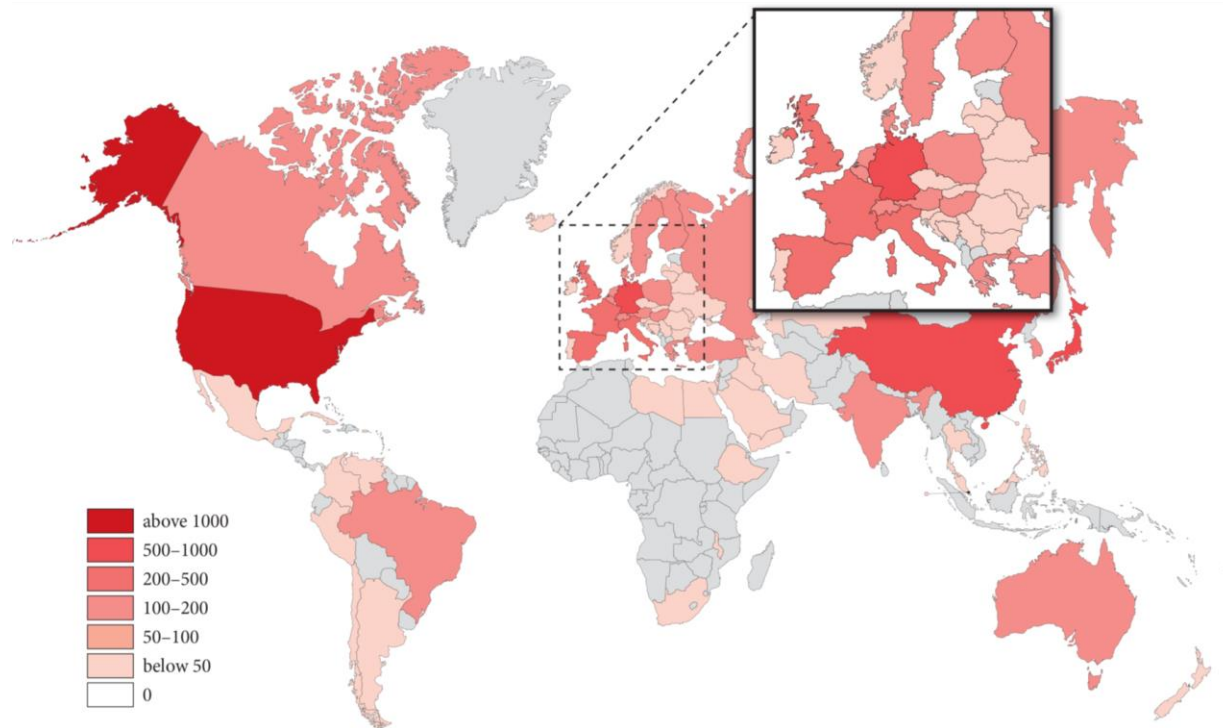
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PUBLISHED ARTICLES/COUNTRIES

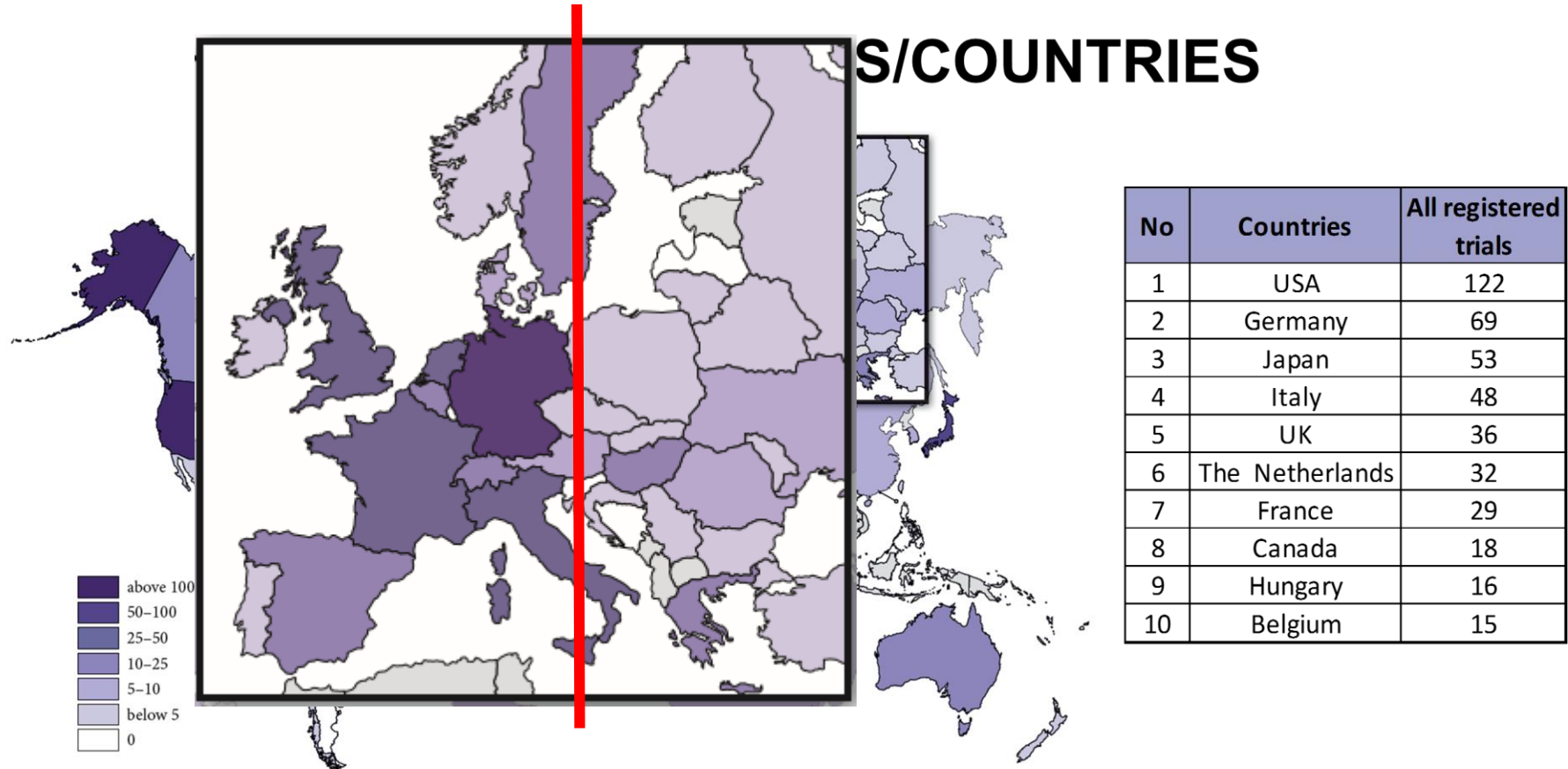


No	Countries	All articles
1	USA	2128
2	Germany	827
3	Japan	808
4	China	506
5	Italy	462
6	UK	382
7	France	253
8	Spain	217
9	Sweden	175
10	The Netherlands	174

Szentesi A et al. Analysis of research activity in gastroenterology: Pancreatitis is in real danger. *PLOS One* 2016

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Szentesi A et al. Analysis of research activity in gastroenterology: Pancreatitis is in real danger. *PLoS One* 2016

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PhD Theseis

QUALITY

MIRROR

2008-2018

PhD degree

n=188

BASIC SCI

ARTICLES

n=431

CLINICAL SCI

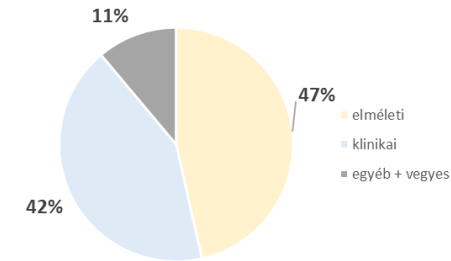
ARTICLES

n=133

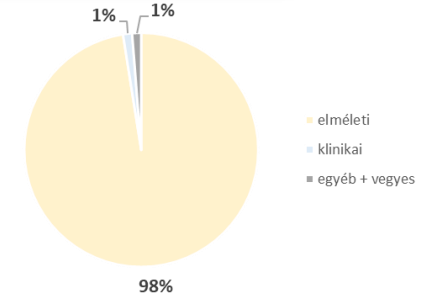
Intézet	DB	Téma	Darabszám
klinikai	99	elméleti	46
		klinikai	42
		egyéb + vegyes	11
elméleti	80	elméleti	78
		klinikai	1
		egyéb + vegyes	1
vegyes	9	elméleti	9
ÖSSZESEN	188		

CATEGORIES

CLINICAL



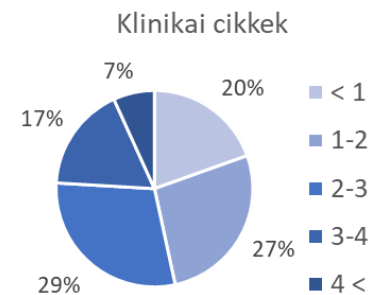
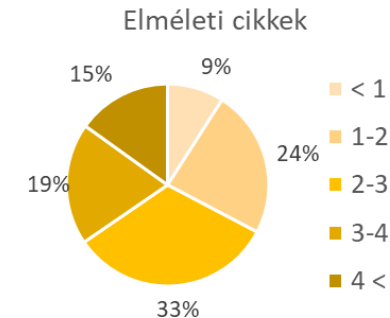
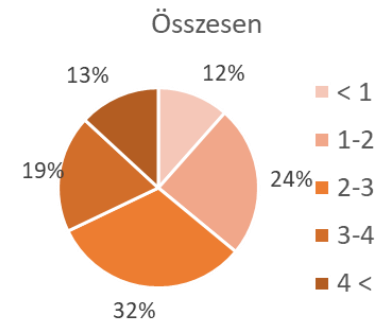
BASIC



TOTAL IF

TÉMA	össz IF	IF/cikk	max IF
Elméleti	1196,236	2,78	20,98
Klinikai	292,924	2,2	6,462
Egyéb + Vegyes	78,809	2,13	4,16
Összesen	1567,969	2,61	20,98

DETAILED IF



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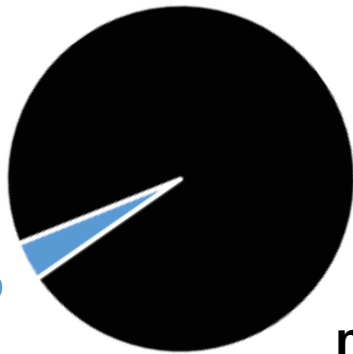
CLINICAL SCIENCES

QUALITY

MIRROR

REGISTRATION

3.6%



n=53

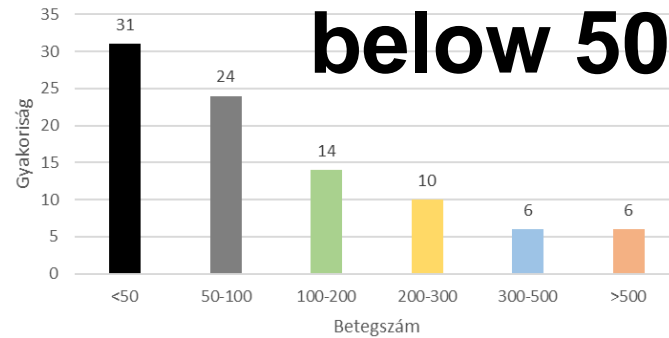
SAMPLE SIZE CALCULATION

0%

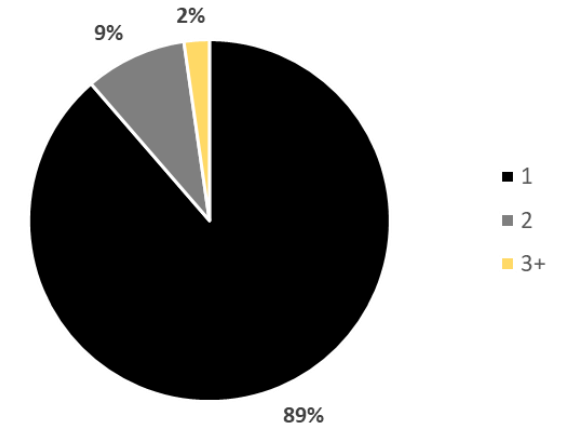


n=53

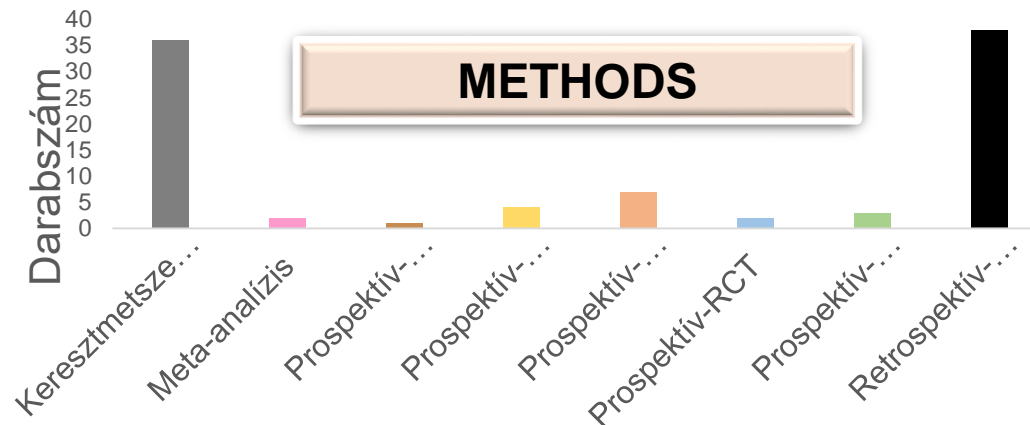
PATIENTS NUMBER



CENTRES

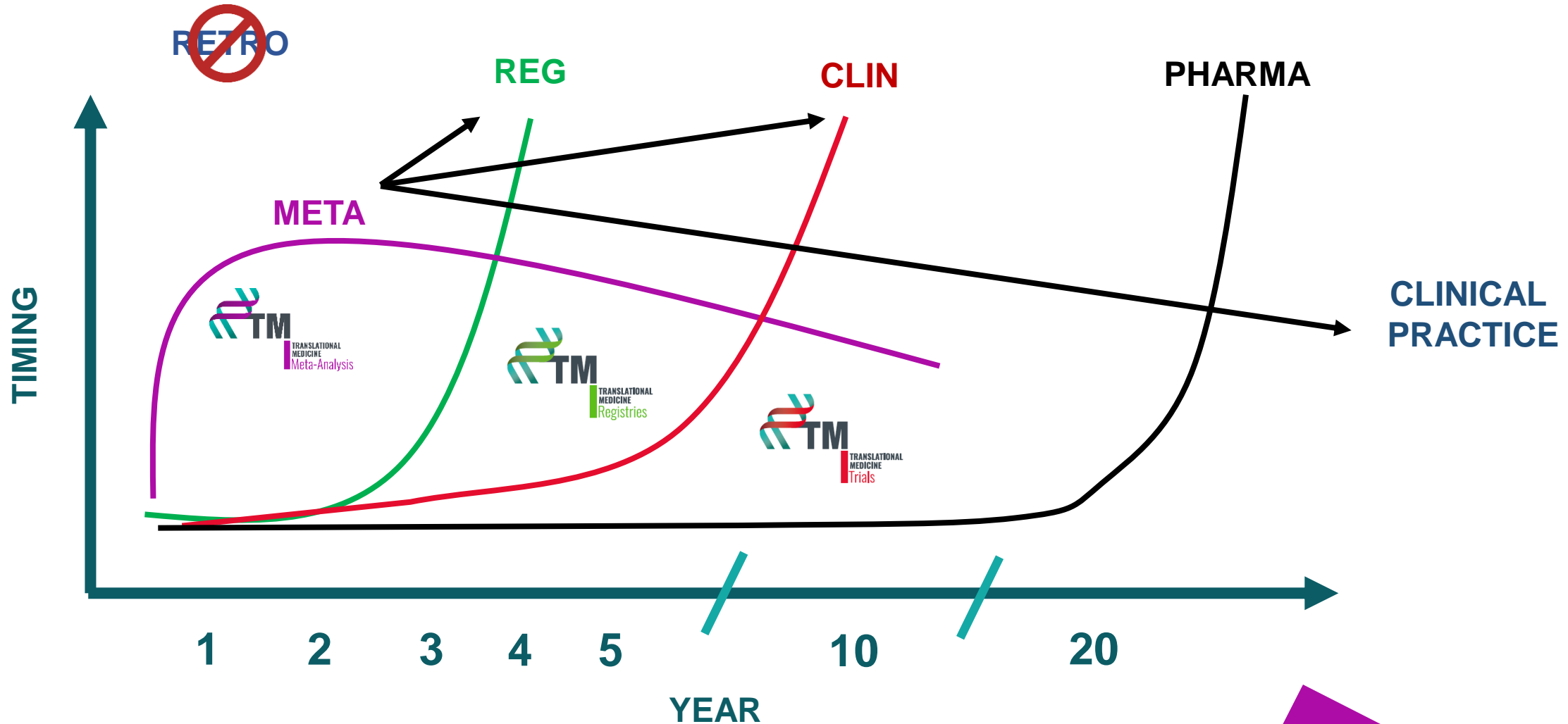


METHODS



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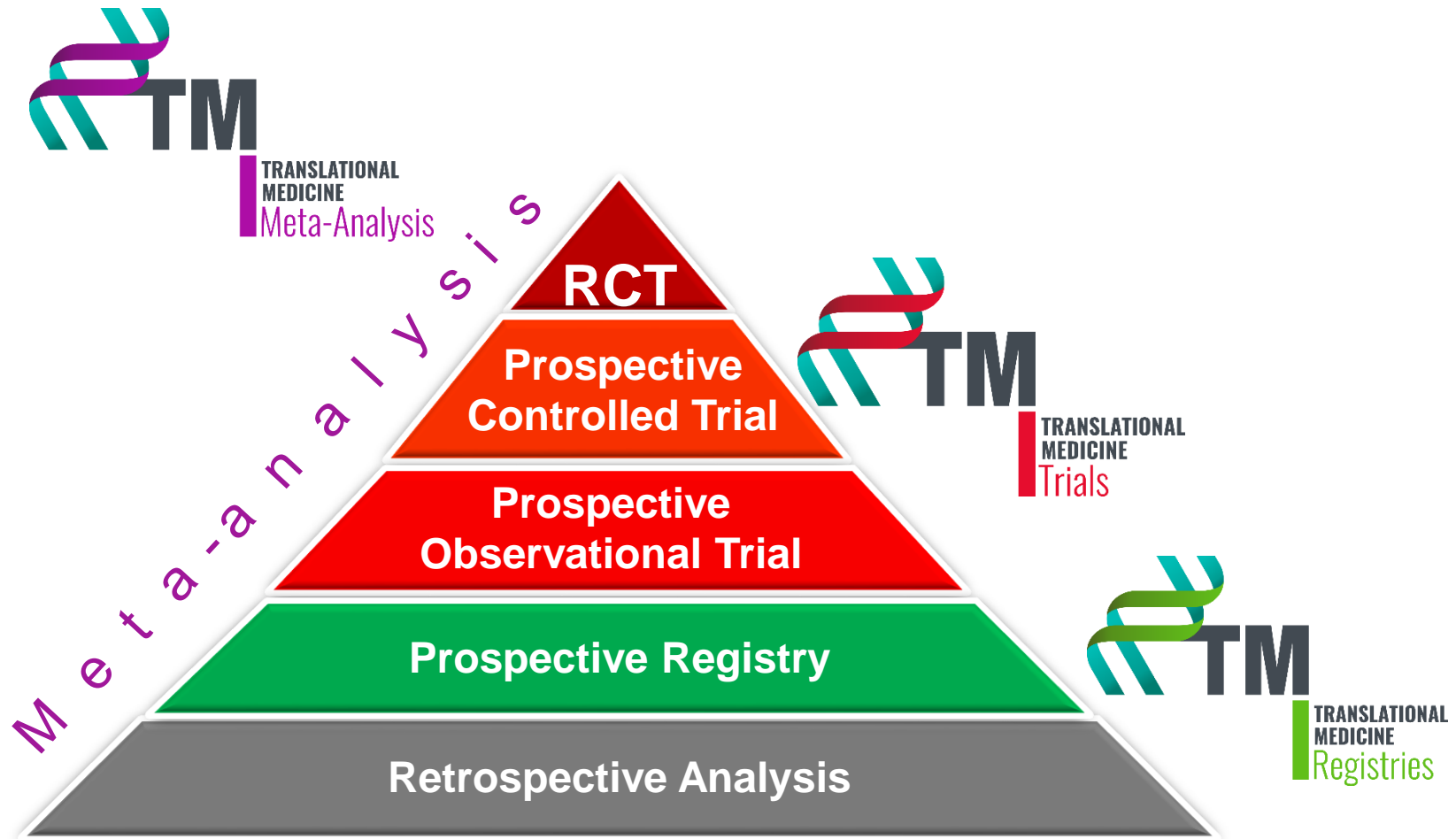


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Clinical Research Methodologies How can we help?

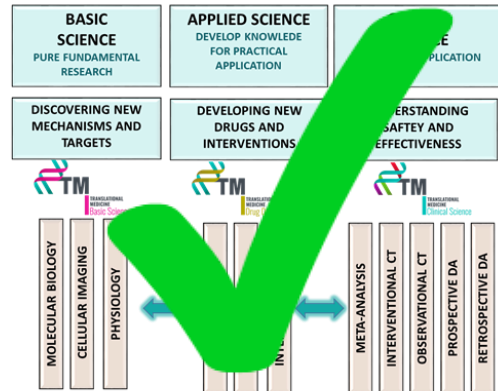


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SCIENCE



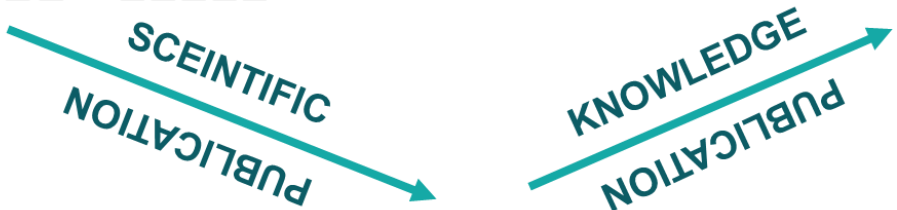
HEALTH CARE



EDUCATION
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EDUCATION, PATIENT CLUBS
DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION

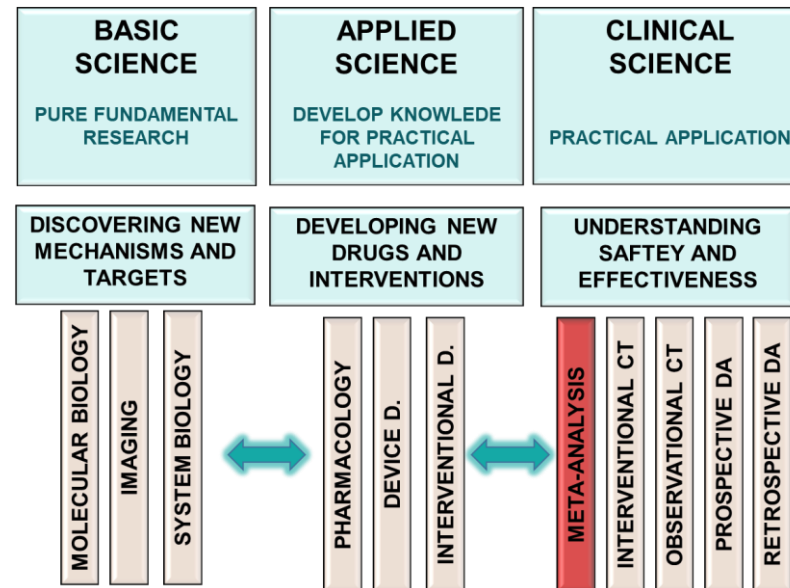
- FOR PROFESSIONALS
- FOR NON-PROFESSIONALS

EDUCATION



KNOWLEDGE

Q5 WHY META-ANALYSIS IS IMPORTANT?

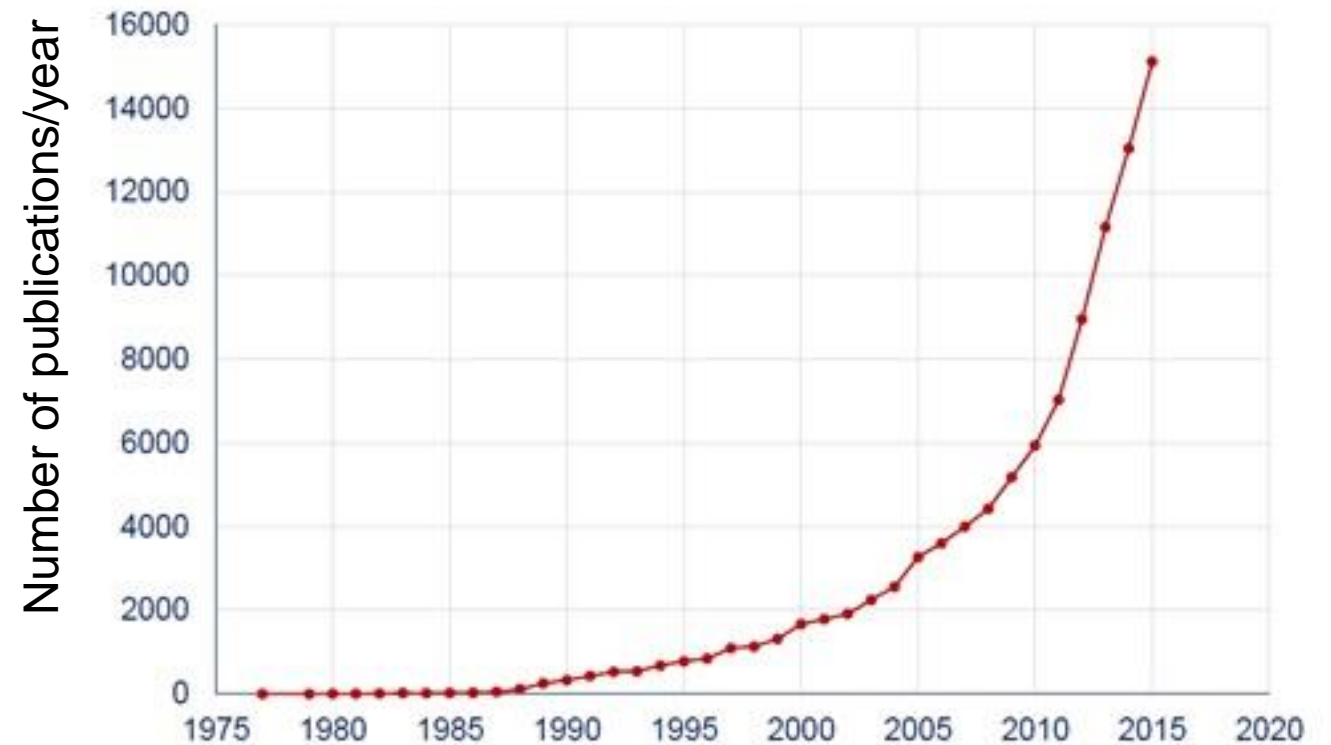


PubMed
142 000 items

↓ 4 months

PubMed
150 000 items
(3rd October, 2018)

Meta-analysis burst



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- NO RESTRICTIONS (BASIC OR CLINICAL)
- EASY TO LEARN
- HELP TO IDENTIFY THE HOLES IN OUR KNOWLEDGE
- EXCELLENT LEARNING METHOD
- OF THE GOOD PUBLICATION PRACTICE
- QUICK ANSWER

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

taking discoveries for patients benefits



- **NO RESTRICTIONS (BASIC OR CLINICAL)**
- **EASY TO LEARN**
- **HELP TO IDENTIFY THE HOLES IN OUR KNOWLEDGE**
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- **OF THE GOOD PUBLICATION PRACTICE**
- **QUICK ANSWER**

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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OF THE GOOD PUBLICATION PRACTICE**
- QUICK ANSWER

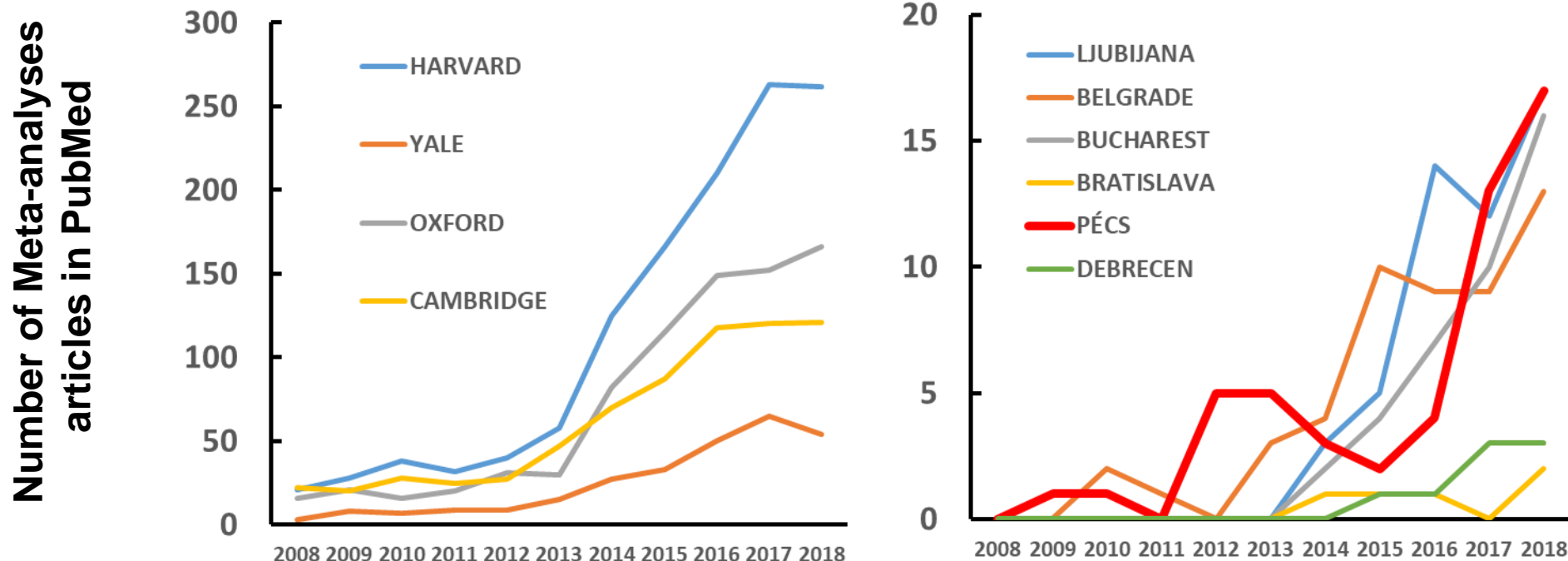
TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

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- EASY TO LEARN
- HELP TO IDENTIFY THE WHOLES IN OUR KNOWLEDGE
- EXCELLENT LEARNING METHOD
OF THE GOOD PUBLICATION PRACTICE
- **QUICK ANSWER**

ACTIVITY IN META-ANALYSIS IN THE LAST DECADE



UNIVERSITIES IN EASTERN AND CENTRAL EUROPE ARE FAR AWAY BEHIND THE TOP UNIVERSITIES

Systematic review

1. Specific question
2. Comprehensive search and selection
3. **Narrative summary** of evidence
4. Answer to the question (if there is any)



Qualitative synthesis

Meta-analysis

1. Specific question
2. Comprehensive search and selection
3. **Statistical summary** of evidence
4. Answer to the question (if there is any)



Quantitative synthesis

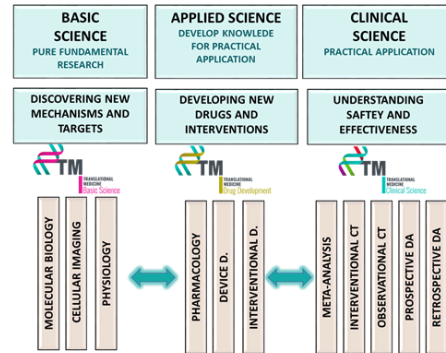
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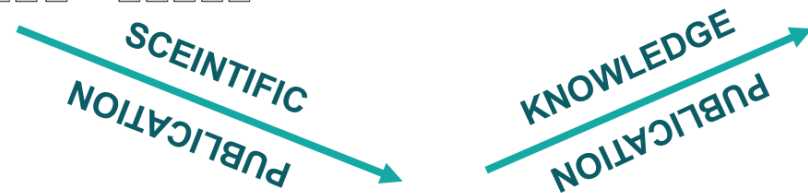


SCIENCE

Meta-analysis



Systematic review



KNOWLEDGE

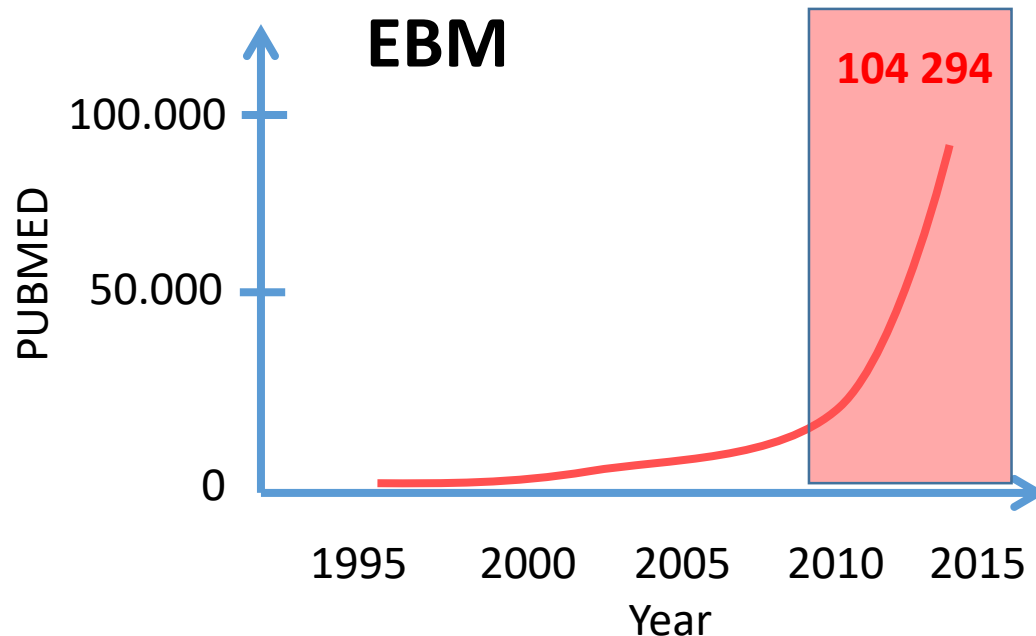
Q6 WHAT IS TRANSLATIONAL KNOWLEDGE?

HISTORICAL OVERVIEW

Published articles only

1967 **Feinstein** – problems with local, individual decision makings

1972 **Cochran** – randomized clinical trials



Crucially important

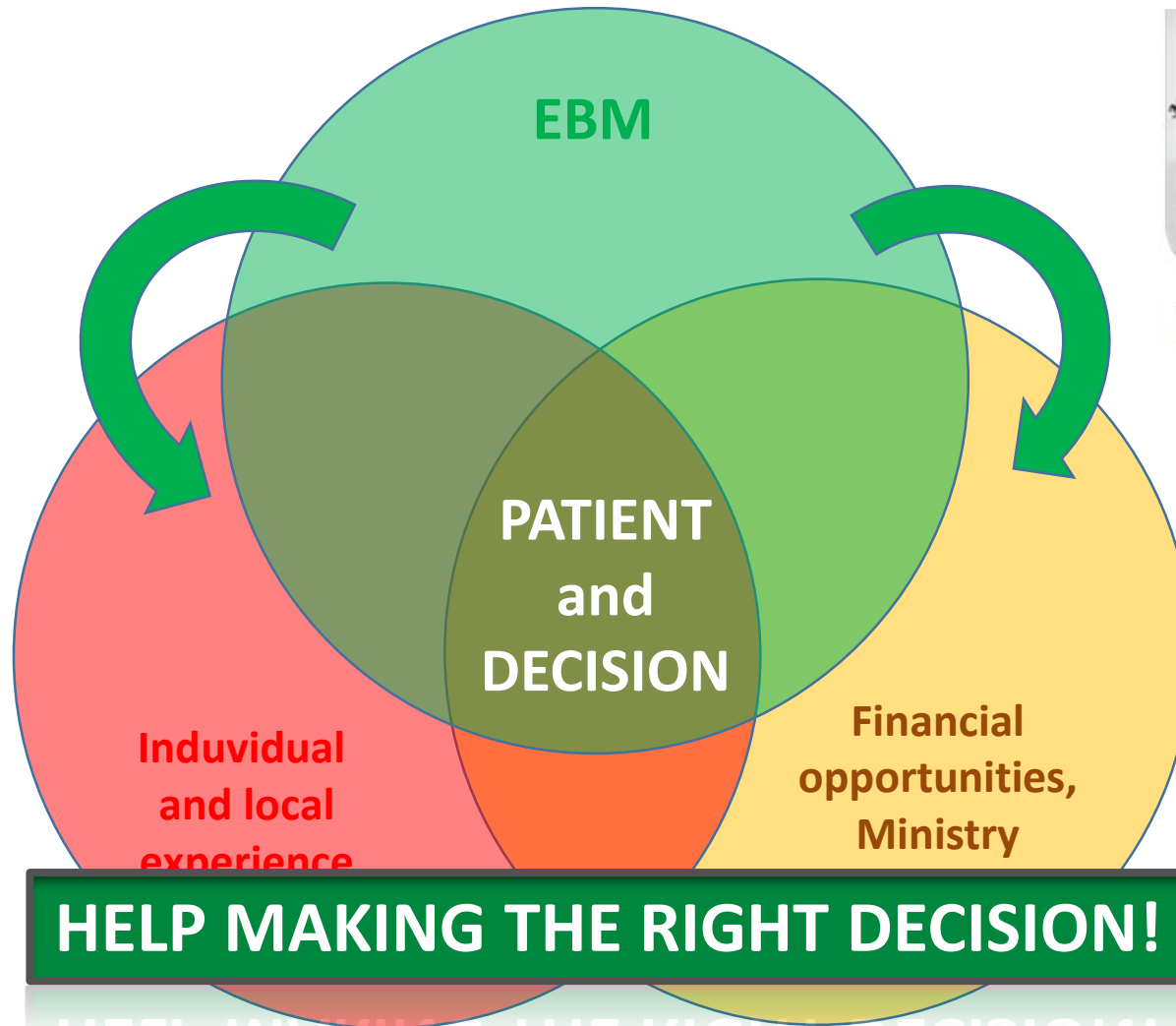
Teaching purposes

Decision makings

Improving financial
issues

EBM

Societies' duty



Individual
and local
experience

HELP MAKING THE RIGHT DECISION!

Financial
opportunities,
Ministry

MIRROR - EBM

09.2012 –04.2014
Acut pancreatitis: 600 patients

Fluid resuscitation

Mortality:

EBM

OTHER

1.5%

3.8%

Severe pancreatitis:

11.5%

18.4%

Enteral feeding

Mortality:

21.79%

47.06%

**EBM GUIDELINES ARE ESSENTIAL TO MAKE
THE RIGHT DECISION!**

MIRROR - EBM



Hungary

Acute pancreatitis

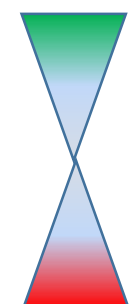
**WE COULD SAVE
14k EUROS AND 1 LIVES
EVERY SECOND DAY!**

lives:

161 survivors

GRADE OF EVIDENCES

The classification of the evidence was based on the **GRADE Working Group** internationally accepted system, which was established in 2011 (www.gradeworkinggroup.org), and it was applied according to the **UpToDate®** systems guideline (<http://www.uptodate.com/home/grading-tutorial#>).

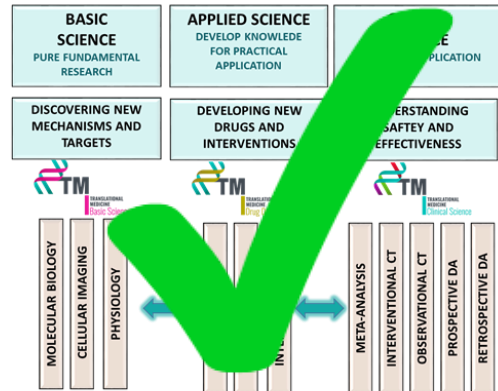
	Strenght of recommendation	Evidence level
GRADE	1 Strong 2 Weak	A High B Moderate C Low
CONSENSUS	Full agreement Strong agreement Weak agreement Weak disagreement Strong disagreement	100% YES 70% 50% 70% 100% NO 

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SCIENCE



HEALTH CARE



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EDUCATION



KNOWLEDGE

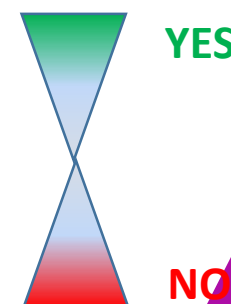
Q7 WHAT IS TRANSLATIONAL EDUCATION?

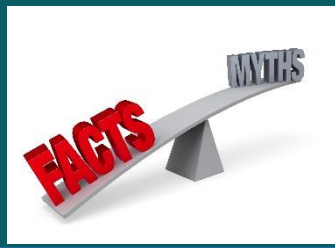
GRADE OF EVIDENCES

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GRADE	Strenght of recommendation		Evidence level	
	1	Strong	A	High
2	Weak	B	Moderate	
		C	Low	

CONSENSUS	Percentage		YES/NO
	Full agreement	100%	
Strong agreement	70%	YES	
Weak agreement	50%	YES	
Weak disagreement	70%	NO	
Strong disagreement	100%	NO	





AVAILABLE EBM GUIDELINES

SLIDES

- Bizonyítékon Alapuló Orvoslás (EBM) – Konszenzus Találkozó, 2014. szeptember 12.
A Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport EBM kezelési irányelvei 2014:
ACUT PANCREATITIS (AP)
- Bizonyítékon Alapuló Orvoslás (EBM) – Konszenzus Találkozó, 2014. szeptember 12.
A Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport EBM kezelési irányelvei 2014:
Krónikus pankreatitisz (KP)
- Bizonyítékon Alapuló Orvoslás (EBM) – Konszenzus Találkozó, 2014. szeptember 12.
A Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport EBM kezelési irányelvei 2014:
AUTOIMMUN PANCREATITIS (AIP)
- Bizonyítékon Alapuló Orvoslás (EBM) – Konszenzus Találkozó, 2014. szeptember 12.
A Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport EBM kezelési irányelvei 2014:
PANCREAS RÁK (PR)
- Bizonyítékon Alapuló Orvoslás (EBM) – Konszenzus Találkozó, 2014. szeptember 12.
A Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport EBM kezelési irányelvei 2014:
GYERMEKKORI PANCREATITIS (GYP)

GYERMEKKORI PANCREATITIS

előadó:
Párniczky Andrea

előkészítők:
Párniczky Andrea és Lásztity Natália

konzulensek és bírálók:
Farkas Gyula, Hegyi Péter, Hríz István, Kelemen Dezső, Morvay Zita, Oláh Attila, Pap Ákos, Párniczky Andrea, Sahin-Tóth Miklós, Szabó Flóra, Szentkereszti Zsolt, Szmola Richárd, Takács Tamás, Tiszlavicz László

Hungarian Pancreatic Study Group – Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport

ARTICLES

ÖSSZEFOGLALÓ KOZLEMENY

ÖSSZEFOGLALÓ KOZLEMENY

ÖSSZEFOGLALÓ KOZLEMENY

ÖSSZEFOGLALÓ KOZLEMENY

ÖSSZEFOGLALÓ KOZLEMENY

Gyermekekori pancreatitis

A Magyar Hasnyálmirigy Munkacsoport bizonyítékon alapuló kezelési irányelvei – 2014

Párniczky Andrea dr.¹ • Czako László dr.² • Dubravcsik Zsolt dr.⁶
 Farkas Gyula dr.³ • Hegyi Péter dr.² • Hríz István dr.^{5,6}
 Kelemen Dezső dr.⁷ • Morvay Zita dr.⁴ • Oláh Attila dr.⁸ • Pap Ákos dr.⁹
 Sahin-Tóth Miklós dr.¹⁰ • Szabó Flóra dr.¹¹ • Szentkereszti Zsolt dr.¹²
 Szmola Richárd dr.¹³ • Takács Tamás dr.² • Tiszlavicz László dr.⁵
 Veres Gábor dr.¹⁴ • Szűcs Ákos dr.¹⁵ • Lásztity Natália dr.¹

VIDEO

MAGYAR HASNYÁLMIRIGY MUNKACSOPORT

MAGYAR HASNYÁLMIRIGY MUNKACSOPORT

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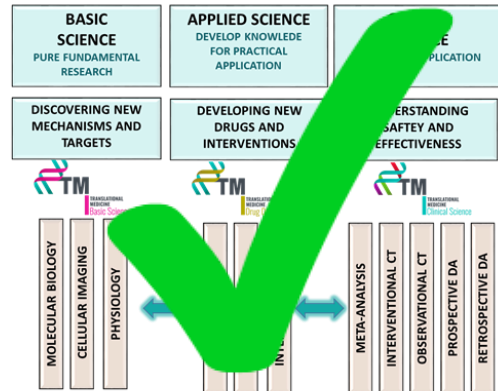
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SCIENCE



HEALTH CARE



EDUCATION



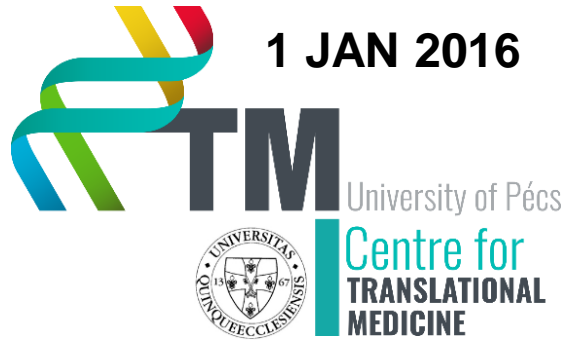
KNOWLEDGE

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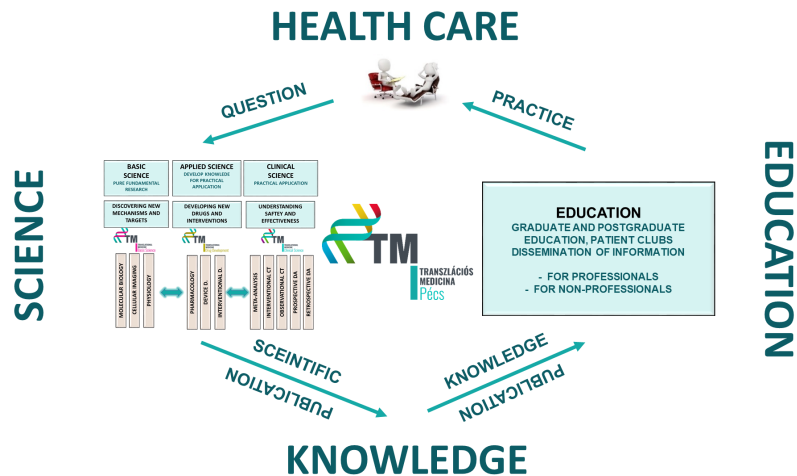
ESTABLISHMENT



INTERDISCIPLINARITY



NEW APPROACH



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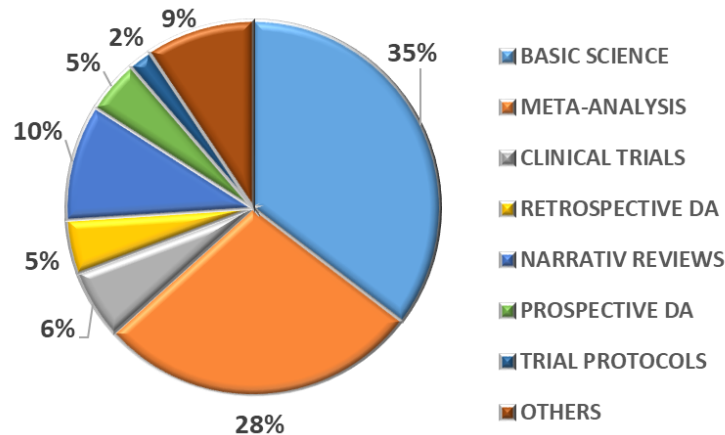
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BROAD RANGE OF SCIENTIFIC ACTIVITY

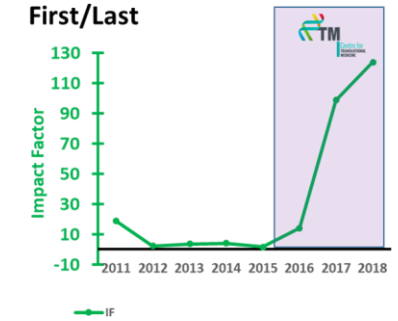
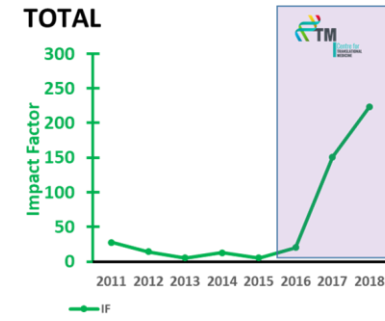
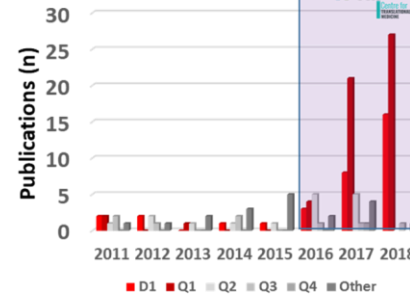


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n=4:7:7/15:40:56



FirstLast/Total

Year	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
FirstLast/Total	68%	16%	66%	32%	29%	70%	65,3%	55,5%

150
articles

01.01.2016 – 30.06.2019

10 articles (above IF: 10.0)
21 articles (above IF: 5.0)
Average: 4.188

EXCELLENCE IS A MUST

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IMMEDIATE PATIENTS' BENEFITS

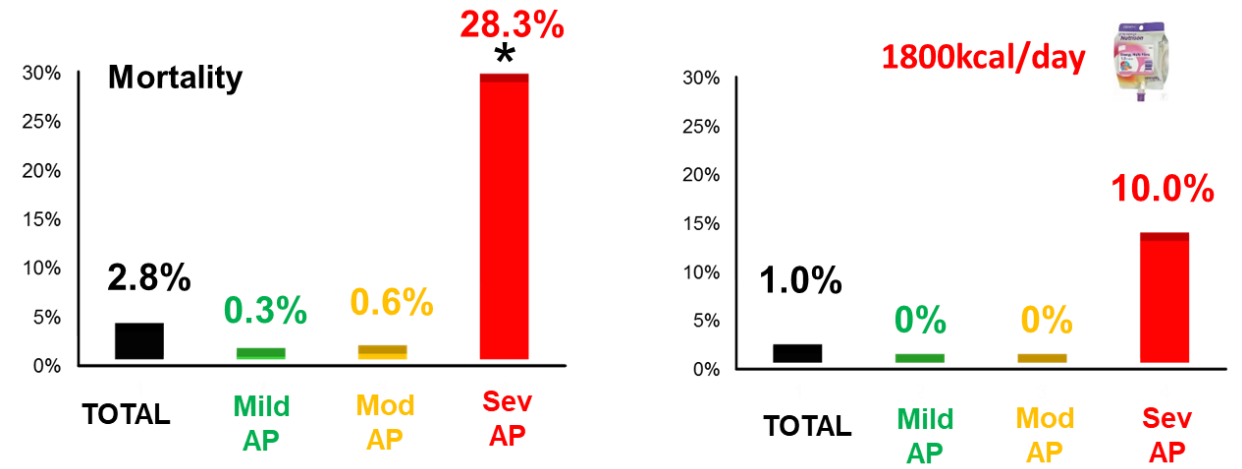
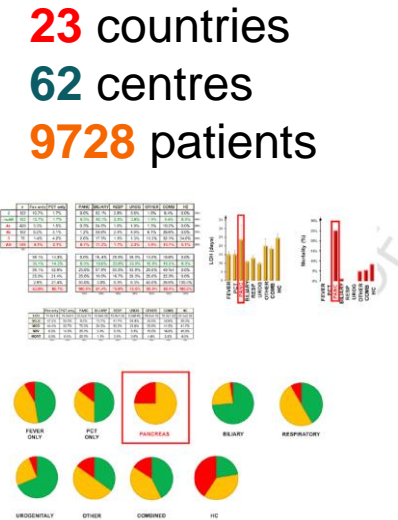
**NECESSITY AND USAGE OF ANTIBIOTICS
DECREASED WITH 50%**

MORTALITY DECREASED IN ACUTE PANCREATITIS

Antibiotic therapy in acute pancreatitis: From global overview to evidence-based recommendations

23 countries
62 centres
9728 patients

Penicillins 40%
Cephalosporins 30%
Carbapenems 10%
Aminoglycosides 10%
Glycopeptides 10%
Others 0%



9 TRIALS ARE RUNNING



HEALTHCARE COSTS

25%



Average Daily Costs of AP Therapy

Values in €	AB +	AB -
MILD	76	71
MODERATE	114	106
SEVERE	151	142

Average Costs of AP Therapy per Patient

Pancreatic Center: 964 €
General M. Center: 1285 €
↓ 25%

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clusterin ir
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definitic
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CITED BY YEAR

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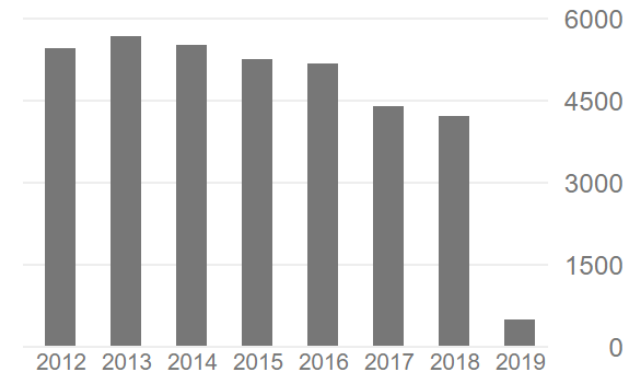
B Brunekreef, ST Holgate
The lancet 360 (9341), 1233-1242

3372 2002

[Community study of role of viral infections in exacerbations of asthma in 9-11 year old children](#)

SL Johnston, PK Pattermore, G Sanderson, S Smith, F Lampe, L Josephs, ...
Bmj 310 (6989), 1225-1229

1995 1995



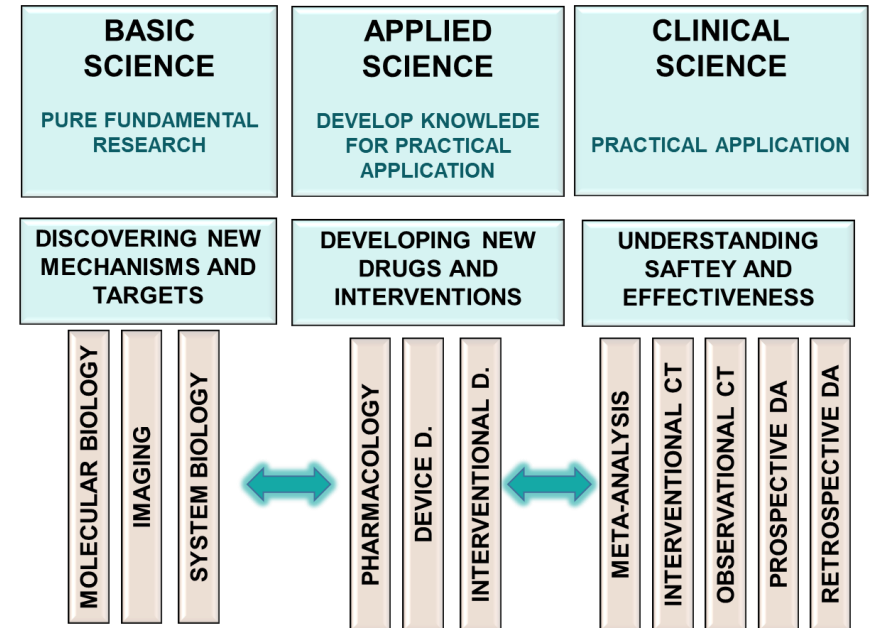
Q9 WHY WE ARE HERE TODAY?

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OUR AIM IS TO
DEVELOP, APPLY
AND SHARE THE
KNOWLEDGE OF TM
AND OFFER
THE **SERVICE OF**
OUR CORE FACILITY



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**Thank you for your
attention!**

Péter Hegyi

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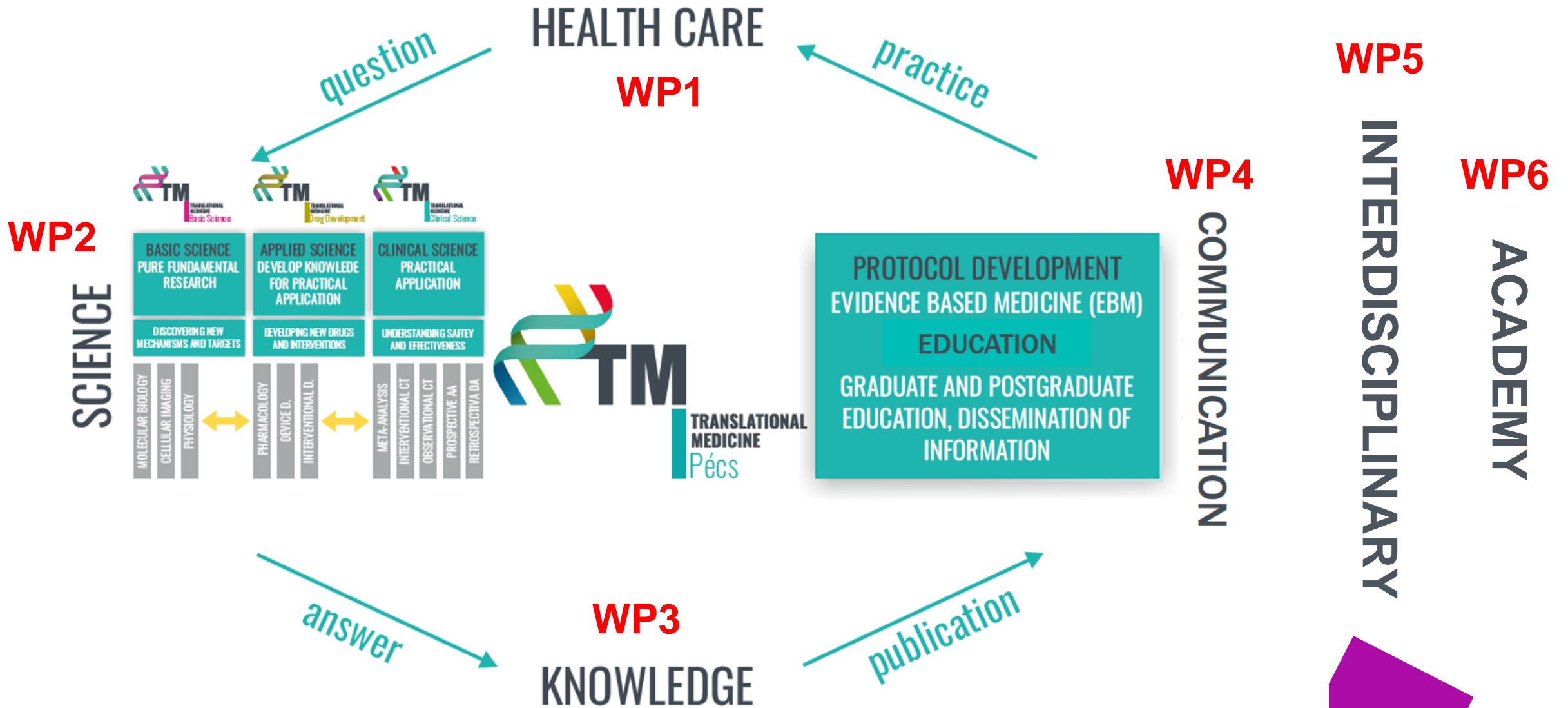


INTERDISCIPLINARY RESEARCH SUPPORT UNIT

Péter Hegyi
Pécs, Hungary

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CENTRAL INTERDISCIPLINARY UNIT

- UNIVERSITY OF PÉCS

CLINICAL RESEARCH SUPPORT

- SZEGED – UNIVERSITY OF SZEGED
- DEBRECEN – UNIVERSITY OF DEBRE

CLINICAL RESEARCH SUPPORT

- SZÉKESFEHÉRVÁR – SZENT GYÖRG
- BUDAPEST - HEIM PÁL NATIONAL IN



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Szabolcs Kiss



PATIENT REGISTRY
COORDINATION

Vivien Vass



CLINICAL TRIAL COORDINATION

Judit Antal Katalin Márta Noémi Zádori



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Main tasks

- Translational Medicine program
- Center development
- Organization of translational patient care
- **Research support (clinical research)**
 - **Meta-analyses**
 - **Patient registries**
 - **Clinical trials**
- Course and textbook development
- **Communication**

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Clinical question



Strategic consultation

Strategic consultation

- What is the appropriate method for that specific question?

Meta-analysis

Patient registry

Clinical trial

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Courses

- **methods**
 - **Meta-analysis course**
 - **Registry course**
 - **Clinical trial course**




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Coordination

- professional coordinators
- Protocols, SOPs



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE
Meta-Analysis

Protocol of meta-analysis

Content

- I. Introduction
- II. Personnel involved
- III. Technical support
- IV. Schedule of meta-analyses
- V. Authors' obligations
- VI. Publication rules
- VII. Collection of useful links

I. Introduction


The University of Pécs Centre for Translational Medicine (UP CTM) wishes to provide all its partners, clinicians and basic researchers, the opportunity to initiate meta-analyses. Workflow is supported by mentors and statisticians. Support covers the whole work of meta-analysis production including

- an education course on how to do a meta-analysis (every September)
- adaptation of clinical questions to the genre of meta-analysis
- setup of a meta-analysis protocol
- steps search, selection, data collection, and risk of bias assessment
- statistical analysis
- technical and language proofreading of the manuscript

Note that adherence to our quality control system and the deadlines of work is required to guarantee proper methodology, high quality of work, and the transparent co-authorships.

Please, consult our meta-analysis coordinator before starting a new meta-analysis via meta@tm-centre.org

tm-centre.org meta@tm-centre.org



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE
INDUSTRIES

Establishing registries

Content

1. General introduction
2. Abbreviations, description, explanation, contact details
3. Tasks of registry coordinator
4. Schedule for new registries
5. Collecting data
6. Publication rules
7. Principal investigator obligations


I. General Introduction

The University of Pécs Centre for Translational Medicine (UP CTM) wishes to provide all its partners, clinicians and basic researchers, the opportunity to establish registries. As a part of our service, we help and support to start new registries. This includes:

- statistical background
- IT development
- data management and data monitoring
- establishing patient clubs
- obtaining ethical licenses in Hungary
- assisting international distribution
- data processing
- research and publication assistance
- guarantee anonymity and data protection legislation contained in the ethics license
- confidentiality
 - > only the data uploaders and approvers from the given institution can access the data, this other researchers cannot see.
 - > the data uploaders and the approvers can see only their own data, although everyone can see the total number of patients in the registry
 - > if someone has a research idea, she/he has to hand in a research plan to a relevant study group in the TM. The centers can decide if they would like to attend the research.

When establishing registries and launching trials, it is important that everyone should follow the chronological, ethical and monitoring steps that ensure proper operation and full compliance with both confidentiality and copyright rules.

tm-centre.org registries@tm-centre.org



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE
Vizsgálatok

Klinikai vizsgálat indítás folyamata

Tartalomjegyzék

- I. Általános bevezetés
- II. Rövidítések, személyek ismeretelése, magyarázat, elérhetőségek
- III. Klinikai vizsgálat koordinátor feladatai
- IV. Menetrend összeállítás újonnan induló vizsgálatok esetén
- V. Adatok gyűjtése
- VI. Publikációs szabályok
- VII. A vizsgálatvezető kutató kötelezettségei

I. Általános bevezetés

A PTE Transzlációs Medicina Központ (TMK) egyik fő célkitűzése, hogy segítséget nyújtson klinikusoknak és/vagy alapkutatóknak klinikai vizsgálatok indításában. A PTE TMK segítségével a teljes folyamatra kiterjed beleértve

- a statisztikai háttérrel,
- informatikai fejlesztést,
- adatmenedzsmentet és adat monitorozást,
- szükséges magyarországi etikai engedélyek beszerzését,
- nemzetközi fejlesztést,
- adatfeldolgozást és analízist,
- kutatási és publikációs segítségét,
- az etikai engedélyben foglalt anonimitás és adatvédelmi jogszabályok garantálását,
- a fiktósság garantálását:
 - ✓ Az adathoz az adott intézményből feltöltők, jóváhagyók férhetnek hozzá, ezt más kutatók nem láthatják.
 - ✓ A feltöltők és intézményi jóváhagyók is csak saját adatokat láthatják. Azonban azt mindenki láthatja, hogy összesen hány beteg adata van a rendszerben.

tm-centre.org trials@tm-centre.org

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Data & patient coordination



- Informed consent
- patient questionnaires
- biological samples
- data collection, upload, control

IT development



- eCRF
- data bases
- access levels
- networks

HR, financial

- organization
- grants
- events

Statistics



- sample size calculation
- statistical analysis
- statistical methods (publications)

Communication



- communication (including patient clubs)
- informational materials
- even organization
- website

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	STRATEGIC CONSULTATION AND COORDINATION	ETHICAL PERMISSION	INTERNATIONAL REGISTRATION	INFORMATICS DEVELOPMENT	DATA MANAGEMENT	STATISTICAL SUPPORT
RANDOMIZED CONTROLLED CLINICAL TRIAL	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
PROSPECTIVE CONTROLLED CLINICAL TRIAL	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
PROSPECTIVE OBSERVATIONAL CLINICAL TRIAL	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
PROSPECTIVE PATIENT REGISTRY	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓
META-ANALYSIS	✓	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

taking discoveries for patients benefits



Meta-analyses



Protocol of meta-analysis

Content
I. Introdu
II. Person
III. Techni
IV. Sched
V. Author
VI. Public
VII. Collec

META-ANALYSIS PROTOCOL

Clinical question PICO
Pre-search
PROSPERO registration
Search
Filtering publications
Data collection
Bias evaluation
Statistical analysis
Interpretation
Manuscript
Publication



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Péter Hegyi



OPERATION

Andrea Szentesi



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COORDINATION

Szabolcs Kiss



PATIENT REGISTRY
COORDINATION

Vivien Vass



CLINICAL TRIAL COORDINATION

Judit Antal



Katalin Márta



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Patient Registries



Establishing registries

Content
1. General
2. Abbreviations
3. Tasks of registries
4. Schedules
5. Collection of data
6. Public access
7. Principles

REGISTRY PROTOCOL

- Short summary
- Feasibility
- International registries
- Discussion
- Documentation
- Ethical permission
- IT development
- Patient enrollment
- Analysis
- Publication



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Clinical Trials



Klinikai vizsgálatok

Tartalomjegyzék
I. Általános
II. Rövidített
III. Klinikai
IV. Menet
V. Adatok
VI. Publikációk
VII. A vizsgálat

I. Általános

A PTE nyújtotta TMK se

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CLINICAL TRIAL PROTOCOL

- Short summary
- Feasibility
- International registries
- Sample size calculation
- Discussion
- Documentation
- Ethical permission
- Registration
- IT development
- Patient enrollment
- Analysis
- Publication



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2019



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Ensuring data quality

- Professional coordination
- IT, Data&Patient coord.
- Courses and trainings
- **Data upload control system**
 - local administrator check (1.)
 - local investigator check (2.)
- **In-house monitoring**
 - central administrator (3.)
 - central investigator (4.)
- On-site monitoring



Registry course

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE									
<i>taking discoveries for patients benefits</i>									
DATA EXTRACTION - DATABASE - EXAMPLE									
IDENTITY PARAMETERS			PERSONAL		OUTCOME		COMPLICATION		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

CRA Training



"A" form

Inpatient day	Form id	State	Approval state	Physician	Form date	Recording date	Bio samples	Actions
1	AP448/A19061205	await inspection	🟢🟢🟢🟡	Dr. Bajor Judit	6/12/2019 7:50 AM	6/19/2019 10:11 AM		👁️ 🧪 🔍

Support is free for researchers

- University of Pécs
- GINOP, EFOP grants
- NKFI, ÚNKP
- **University grants to cover data administration (University of Pécs)**

Responsibilities of the principal investigator

- Continuous **professional control**
- **Follow-up** of the projects
- **Supervising** and controlling inclusions (electronic database)
- **Analysis** and **publication**
- Principal investigator can be dismissed if tasks are not fulfilled (for the interest of the other participants of the projects)

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Clinical Trials 16 (9)

Patient Registries 34 (20)

Meta-analyses 101 (41)



„TAKE HOME” MESSAGE

- 1) The **interdisciplinary unit** supports the planning, development and running of research projects (meta-analyses, patient registries and clinical trials).
- 2) Main areas: **strategic consultation, professional coordination, biostatistics, informatics, data management, health economics.**
- 3) **Professional control** from the principal investigator is crucial!
- 4) **We are happy to support your research projects!**

Thank you for your attention!

Registry coordinator

Vass Vivien

e-mail: registries@tm-centre.org

phone:

+36 30 571 8188

+36 72 536 000 / 31885



www.tm-centre.org

The decision about the registry, aims and international research

Andrea Párniczky
Pécs, Hungary

Definition

A patient registry is an **organized system** that uses observational study methods to **collect uniform data** (clinical and other) to evaluate specified **outcomes** for a population defined by a particular disease, condition, or exposure, and that serves a **predetermined scientific, clinical, or policy purpose(s)**.

A patient registry can be a powerful tool

- to observe the **course of disease**;
- to understand **variations** in treatment and outcomes;
- to examine factors that **influence prognosis and quality of life**;
- to describe care patterns, including **appropriateness of care** and disparities in the delivery of care;
- to assess **effectiveness**;
- to monitor **safety and harm**;
- to measure **quality of care**;

Advantages

- observe **every-day clinical practice**
- collect all of the information needed to **assess patient outcomes** in a generalizable way
- outcomes reported are **more representative** („real-world practice”)
- evaluate patient outcomes when clinical trials
 - are not practical (e.g., very rare diseases)
 - are not ethically acceptable
 - difficult to conduct (surgery, very long-term outcomes)
- data can be used for **sample size calculation or optimizing protocol** for further clinical trial

BUT:

- interpreting this information correctly requires **analytic methodology** geared to address the potential sources of bias
- requires checks of **internal validity**
- **external data sources** to validate key assumptions
- design is **not suitable to test hypothesis**
- „**Association**„ can be drawn

How can we start?

- What is/are your/our aim(s)?
- Is registry the best way to achieve it/them?
- International registry? Other national registry?
- EBM guidelines, position papers
- Cohort analysis
- Acute/chronic registry

Management of Familial Adenomatous Polyposis in Children and Adolescents: Position Paper From the ESPGHAN Polyposis Working Group

*Warren Hyer, †Shlomi Cohen, ‡Thomas Attard, §Victor Vila-Miravet, ||Corina Pienar, ¶Marcus Auth, #Seth Septer, *Jackie Hawkins, **Carol Durno, and *Andrew Latchford

Should children and families with familial adenomatous polyposis be managed within a polyposis registry?

Recommendation 9:

Where feasible, children and adolescents should be enrolled into their regional or national polyposis registry (depending on local and national provision) to coordinate their care. Polyposis registries improve outcome for FAP patients by improving the rate of diagnosis of FAP and reduce the incidence of CRC. (weak recommendation, moderate-quality evidence, consensus agreement 100%)

Management of Juvenile Polyposis Syndrome in Children and Adolescents: A Position Paper From the ESPGHAN Polyposis Working Group

*Shlomi Cohen, †Warren Hyer, ‡§Emmanuel Mas, ||Marcus Auth, ¶Thomas M. Attard, #Johannes Spalinger, †Andrew Latchford, and **Carol Durno

TABLE 7. Areas requiring research in the field of juvenile polyposis

- Does a specific paediatric colonic juvenile polyposis phenotype predict colorectal cancer risk in adulthood?
 - Are children and adolescents with 4 or 5 metachronous juvenile polyps and no identifiable mutation at risk of gastrointestinal malignancies in adulthood?
 - Chemoprevention in juvenile polyposis including collaboration with basic scientists to better understand underlying mechanisms.
 - Well characterized juvenile polyposis kindreds with multiple affected members and no identifiable mutation require genomic evaluation in order to identify additional genes involved in juvenile polyposis phenotypes.
-

How can we start?

- What is/are your/our aim(s)?
- Is registry the best way to achieve it/them?
- International registry? Other national registry?
- EBM guidelines, position papers
- Cohort analysis
- Acute/chronic registry



HUNGARIAN
PANCREATIC
STUDY GROUP

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ACUTE PANCREATITIS

FORM B
Further days



Patient Questionnaire

1. Patient personal details

Insurance number:
Date of Birth:
Gender:
Name:
Race:
Childhood pancreatitis:
Admission date:
Last day of treatment:
Date of interview:

1. Patient personal details

Name:
Pediatric pancreatitis: yes / no / no data
Admission date:
Last day of treatment:

RegisterAP No:
Doctor code:

2. Status

Blood pressure (Hgmm): Heart rate (/minute):
Body weight (kg): Body height (cm):
Respiratory rate (/minute): Body temperature (axillary, °C):
Oxygen saturation (%): Previous O2 therapy: yes / no / no data
Abdominal tenderness: yes / no / no data Abdominal guarding: yes / no / no data
Jaundice: yes / no / no data

3. Lab results (if any)

Amylase increased more than 3x yes / no / no data
Lipase increased more than 3x yes / no / no data

Amylase (U/l)	
Lipase (U/l)	
White blood cell (WBC) count (G/l)	
Red blood cell (RBC) count (T/l)	
Hemoglobin (g/l) Conversion: mmol/l	
Hematocrit (%)	
Thrombocyte (G/l)	
Glucose (mmol/l) Conversion: mg/dL	
Blood urea nitrogen (mmol/l) Conversion: mg/dL	
Creatinine (umol/l) Conversion: mg/dL	
eGFR	
C-reactive protein (mg/l)	
ASAT/GOT (U/l)	
Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l)	
Calcium (mmol/l)	

Only arterial blood gas parameters should be registered. Please indicate the measuring condition of blood gas parameters
Measuring conditional of blood gas parameters: N/A / room air / 100% O₂
Previous O2 therapy: yes / no / no data

Sodium (mmol/l)	
Potassium (mmol/l)	

HUNGARIAN PANCREATIC STUDY GROUP
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FORM A
Admission form

FORM B
Follow-up

FORM C
Complication form

FORM E
Endoscopic form

FORM P
Pregnancy form

CROHN'S DISEASE

CROHN'S DISEASE

CROHN'S DISEASE

CROHN'S DISEASE

CROHN'S DISEASE

1. Patient

Insurance Name:
Date of birth:
Contact number:
Gender:
Ethnicity:
Blood type:
Allergies:
Time of qu:
Was written:
Way of ad Patient wa:
If the pati:
Date:
Date:
Let:
Smoking:
if y:
if n:
Did:
if y:

2. Details

Smoking:
if y:
if n:
Did:
if y:

Alcohol co:
if y:
Alc:
if n:
Did:
if y:

1. Patient

Insurance Name:
Date of birth:
Contact number:
Gender:

Time of qu:
Way of ad Patient wa:
Was any e: recorded i:
If y:
date:
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Did the pa:
If y:
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2.1. Curr

If yes:
substance:
times per d:
/ supposito:
Other com:
If yes:
substance:
times per d:
/ supposito:

if yes, name:
Localisation:
Date:
Therapy:

if yes, name:
Localisation:
TNM stage:
Date:
Therapy:

Patient pe

Insurance Name:
Date of birth:
Contact number:

1. Intesti
if yes: recur carcinoma
Localisation:
Date:
Therapy:

2. Bili
if yes: bili
Date:
Therapy:

3. Infe
if yes: IBD-
if yes, name:
Date:
Therapy:

4. Hae
if yes: IBD-
Localisation:
Date:
Therapy:

5. Soli
if yes, the h
if yes: IBD-
Localisation:
TNM stage:
Date:
Therapy:

Patient

Insurance Name:
Date of birth:
Contact number:

Ileo-co:
If yes:
The date:
The date:

Indica:
Device:
Prepar:

Preme:
Vital p:

Insuffl:
Image:
Boston:

Patient personal details

Insurance number:
Name:
Date of birth:
Contact number:

Pregnancy

Was the patient pregnant before? yes/ no
If yes, the number of conceptions: (piece)
the number of live births: (piece)

Pregnancy: yes/ no

if yes, the date of pregnancy: (year, month)
the way of getting pregnant: spontaneous / assisted reproduction
number of pregnancy weeks: (weeks)

Disease activity:

At conception: active/ in remission CDAI: points
First trimester: active/ in remission CDAI: points
Second trimester: active/ in remission CDAI: points
Third trimester: active/ in remission CDAI: points

Live birth: yes/ no
Premature birth: yes/ no
Caesarean operation: yes/ no
The weight of the newborn baby: (gramm)
APGAR of the newborn baby (0. minute):/10
APGAR of the newborn baby (10. minute):/10
Congenital Developmental Disorder: yes/ no
If yes, type of the Congenital Developmental Disorder:

Abortion: yes/ no
If yes: artificial/ spontaneous

Ectopic pregnancy: yes/ no

Country:
City:
Hospital:
Doctor:

Shared data structure

Alcohol consumption: yes / no / no data
if yes: frequency: occasionally/monthly/weekly/daily
amount (g/occassion):.....
For how many years?

Total alcohol consumption in the last 2 weeks:

if not: Did the patient drink alcohol earlier? yes/no/ no data

if yes: frequency: occasionally/monthly/weekly/daily
amount (g/occasion):.....
For how many years?.....
How long ago did the patient stop drinking alcohol?.....

Guide for estimation of the amount:

1 dl beer (4.5 vol. %) = ~3.5 g alcohol
1 dl wine (12.5 vol. %) = ~10 g alcohol
1 dl hard drink (50 vol. %) = ~40 g alcohol

Smoking: yes / no/ no data
if yes: amount (cigarettes/day):.....
How many years ago have you started?

Pack year (automatically calculated)

if not: Did the patient smoke earlier? yes/no/ no data

if yes: amount (cigarettes/day):.....
For how many years?.....
Pack year: (automatically calculated)

How long ago did the patient stop smoking?

Biobank

Pancreas. 2019 Feb;48(2):e12-e14. doi: 10.1097/MPA.0000000000001214.

Evaluation of the Pathogenic Significance of the Novel p.T58M Chymotrypsin C Variant in Recurrent Acute Pancreatitis.

Németh BC¹, Hegyi P, Takács T.

Eszter Hegyi, MD, *† Andrea Geisz, PhD, *‡ Miklós Sahin-Tóth, MD, PhD, ‡ Monique H. M. Derikx, MD, ‡ Balázs Csaba Németh, MD, PhD, ‡ Anita Balázs, MD, * István Hritz, MD, PhD, * Ferenc Izbéki, MD, PhD, § Adrienn Halász, MD & Andrea Párnicsky, MD || Tamás Takács, MD, PhD, DSc, *

PLoS One. 2018 Nov 8;13(11):e0206869. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0206869. eCollection 2018.

The common truncation variant in pancreatic lipase related protein 2 (PNLIPRP2) is expressed poorly and does not alter risk for chronic pancreatitis.

Németh BC^{1,2}, Pesei ZG^{1,2}, Hegyi E^{1,3}, Szücs Á⁴, Szentesi A^{2,3}, Hegyi P^{3,5}, Lowe ME⁶, Sahin-Tóth M¹.

A Common CCK-B Receptor Intronic Variant in Pancreatic Adenocarcinoma in a Hungarian Cohort

Anita Balázs, MD,

First Department of Medicine, University of Szeged, Szeged, Hungary

Balázs Csaba Németh, MD, PhD

Am J Gastroenterol. 2017 Dec;112(12):1896-1898. doi: 10.1038/ajg.2017.393.

Novel PRSS1 Mutation p.P17T Validates Pathogenic Relevance of CTRC-Mediated Processing of the Trypsinogen Activation Peptide in Chronic Pancreatitis.

Németh BC^{1,2}, Szücs Á³, Hegyi P^{4,5}, Sahin-Tóth M¹.

page: www.elsevier.com/locate/pan

ate secreting anion exchanger

Hegyi ^{a,c}, István Hritz ^a, László Czako ^a, Csaba Németh ^d, Judit Gervain ^e, Ferenc Izbéki ^e, Adrienn Halász ^e, Dező Kelemen ^f, Richárd Szmolá ^g, János Novák ^h, Stefan Crai ^h, Anita Illés ⁱ, Áron Vincze ⁱ, Zsolt Molnár ^j, Márta Varga ^k, Barnabás Bod ^l, Gyula Farkas Jr. ^m, János Sümegi ⁿ, Attila Szepes ^o, Zsolt Dubravcsik ^o, Natália Lásztity ^p, Andrea Párnicsky ^p, Zsolt Szentkereszty ^q, Péter Hegyi ^r, Csaba Németh ^{d,1}, Sahin-Tóth ^{d,1}, Jonas Rosendahl ^{b,1}, in Pancreatic Study Group



Article

Genetic Analysis of Human Chymotrypsin-Like Elastases 3A and 3B (CELA3A and CELA3B) to Assess the Role of Complex Formation between Proelastases and Procarboxypeptidases in Chronic Pancreatitis

Andrea Párnicsky ^{1,†}, Eszter Hegyi ^{1,†}, Anna Zsófia Tóth ¹, Ákos Szücs ², Andrea Szentesi ^{3,4}, Áron Vincze ⁵, Ferenc Izbéki ⁶, Balázs Csaba Németh ⁴, Péter Hegyi ^{3,4} and Miklós Sahin-Tóth ^{1,*}



'TAKE HOME MESSAGE'

1. Be sure that **establishing a registry is the best way** to answer your questions and reach your scientific aims
2. Incorporate the knowledge and experience of **international registries**
3. Use the **shared data structure** to elevate the impact of your work
4. Collect biomedical sample to build up a **disease specific biobank**

Thank you for your attention!

PRACTICE:

Registry Article Overview

Zsolt Szakács
Pécs, Hungary

6 Question

6 Answers

Each group presents 1 Answer



TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

taking discoveries for patients benefits



1. What is the objective/hypothesis of the study?
2. Why is the question raised important (so what???)?
3. What are the major data sources? Can you judge how reliable they are?
4. What are the eligibility criteria? Would you add extra criteria or subtract any of them?
5. Why did use standardized incidence instead of raw incidence?
6. How long is the observation period? Does it impose any form of bias?

TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE

taking discoveries for patients benefits



Thank you for your participation!