Registry of Oral potentially malignant disorders

H form



1. Patient personal details	
	Country:
Insurance number:	City: Hospital: Doctor:
Name:	Hospital:
Date:	Doctor:
Received sample of oral mucosal lesion from same patient: 1st/2nd/3rd/4th	

2. Histology

Oral epithelial dysplasia: (multiple choices)

Architectural changes

Irregular epithelial stratification

Loss of polarity of basal cells

Drop-shaped rete ridges

Increased number of mitotic figures

Abnormally superficial mitotic figures

Keratin pearls within rete ridges

Loss of epithelial cell cohesion

Premature keratinization in single cells (dyskeratosis)

Cytologic changes (multiple choices)

Abnormal variation in nuclear size (anisonucleosis)

Abnormal variation in nuclear shape (nuclear pleomorphism)

Abnormal variation in cell size (anisocytosis)

Abnormal variation in cell shape (cellular pleomorphism)

Increased nuclear/cytoplasmic ratio

Atypical mitotic figures

Increased number and size of nucleoli

Hyperchromasia

Risk assesment:

WHO:

High risk: (at least 4 architectural features and 5 cytologic features)

Low risk:

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Dysplasia (based on the thickness of the involved epithelium, one choice)

Mild < 1/3

Moderate 1/3-<2/3

Severe 2/3≤

CIS (whole thickness):

Invasive squamous cell carcinoma:

Verrucosus carcinoma

Candidia (PAS): positive/negative

HPV (PCR based): positive/negative

high risk: positive/negative

low risk: positive/negative

serotype:....

P16 (immunhistochemistry): positive/negative