Caffeine tablet: Yes / No



1. Patient personal details	Country:
Insurance number:	City:
Name:	·
Phone number:	Hospital:
E-mail address:Age:	Doctor:
······································	Blood sample code:
Time of questioning:(year, month, day)	Blood sample code.
	Date of blood sampling:
2. Diagnosis:	
Do you still consider the patient to have IBD? Yes / No	
If yes: Has the classification changed over the past year? (e.g	. from IBD-U to CD) Yes / No
If yes: Crohn disease / ulcerative colitis / IBDU	
If no, the new diagnosis:	
11 110, the new diagnosis	
3. Anamnesis / risk factors	
Actual education: elementary school / vocational school / secondary sc	chool
Smoking: Yes / No	
If yes: amount (cigarettes/day):	
For how many years?:	
Alashal assumentions - Was / Na	
Alcohol consumption: Yes / No	
If yes: frequency: occasionally/monthly/weekly/daily	y
amount (g/day):	
Since when? (years)	
alcohol consumption in the last 2 weeks (g):	•••
Guide for estimation of the amount:	
$\frac{1 \text{ dl beer } (4.5 \text{ vol. \%}) = \sim 3.5 \text{ g alcohol}}{1 \text{ dl beer } (4.5 \text{ vol. \%})} = \sim 3.5 \text{ g alcohol}$	
1 dl wine (12.5 vol. %) = \sim 10 g alcohol	
1 dl hard drink (50 vol. %) = \sim 40 g alcoh	ol
Caffeine consumption: Yes / No	
If yes, in what form do you consume caffeine? Coffee: Yes / No	
	y / wookly / doily
If yes, how often do you consume coffee? occasionally / monthl How much do you consume?(1 dose = one	
Instant Coffee: Yes / No	e espresso of long corree)
If yes, how often do you consume instant coffee? occasionally /	monthly / weekly / daily
How much do you consume?(1 dose = one	
Tee (black or green): Yes / No	F
If yes, how often do you consume tee? occasionally / monthly / w	weekly / daily
How much do you consume?(1 dose =2 dl	
Energy drink: Yes / No	
If yes, how often do you consume energy drink? occasionally / n	nonthly / weekly / daily
How much do you consume?(1 dose = $2,5$	(dl)
Coca-cola: Yes / No	
If yes, how often do you consume coca-cola? occasionally / mon	· · ·
How much do you consume? $(1 \text{ dose } -3.3)$	dD)



If yes, how often do you consume caffeine tablet? occasionally / monthly / weekly / daily How many do you consume?.....(1 dose =1 tablet= 100 mg) **Drug abuse:** Yes / No *Prescribed medication should not be included here.* If yes, what kind of drug did you consume? Party drugs: (pl. Amfetamin, Ecstasy, Gina, Mefedron): Yes / No **Light drugs:** (LSD, Marihuana, Hasis): Yes / No Hard drugs: (Crack, Heroin, Cocain, Opium): Yes / No If yes, how much did you take?How many years ago?..... Medicines: (Diazepám, Cetamin, Codein): Yes / No **Designer drugs:** (Mefedron, sintetic cannabinoids): Yes / No Oral contraceptive usage: Yes / No If yes, when did you take oral contraceptives? before IBD diagnosis/ at the time of IBD diagnosis If yes, total duration of Oral contraceptive usage...... (in months) 4. 3rd month control Is this the the 3rd month control? Yes / No Is the patient in remission according to....? clinical symptoms (PCDAI/PUCAI 10 alatt) Yes / No Yes / No laboratory faecal calprotectin Yes / No imaging Yes / No If yes: MRE / US / Capsule endoscopy / other:..... endoscopy Yes / No Was the induction therapy nutritional therapy? Yes / No If yes: exclusive enteral nutrition (EEN) / CDED + partial enteral nutrition / other:...... Did the patient go through the nutritional therapy? Yes / No If no, why not? The patient did not tolerate it / it was not effective Other nutritional therapy was tried? Yes / No If yes, which? EEN / CDED + partial enteral nutrition / other:...... Did the patient go through it? Yes / No It was effective? Yes / No 5. Main events since the last completed form Was any examination/intervention recently performed, which was not recorded in the IBD registry? Yes / No If yes: surgical intervention / endoscopy / imaging / other:..... Date of it: (file can be attached) According to your answer, please fill out the further necessary form(s): form E; I; S

Have any of the following applied recently? perianal lesion / extraintestinal manifestation /

pregnancy / complication / other:....

IBD-KID



Perianal lesion: skin tag	/ fissura /	/ abscess / fistula /	other:
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CD with fistula:

type of the fistula: simple / complex

localization of the fistula: perianal / rectovaginal / entero-enteral / enterocutan / enterovesical **determination of fistula type:** physical state / endoscopy / images of the pelvic: (MRE / Ultrasound)

/ EUA: rectal examination in anaesthesia

number of fistula:.....(number)

Type of extraintestinal manifestation(s): uveitis / pyoderma gangrenosum / erythema nodosum / arthritis / arthralgia / osteoporosis / sclerotic cholangitis / autoimmun hepatitis / other:

Has the patient experienced relapse recently? Yes / No

Has the Paris classification changed recently? Yes / No

If yes:

Age at diagnosis: A1a: 0 to <10 yr / A1b 10 to <17 yr / A2: 17 - 40 yr

In case of CD:

Localization: L1: distal 1/3 ileal + limited cecal disease / L2: colonic / L3: ileocolonic L4a: upper disease proximal to ligament of Treitz / L4b upper disease distal to ligament of Treitz

Behaviour: B1: non-stricturing, non-penetrating / **B2:** stricturing / **B3:** penetrating / **B2B3:** both penetrating and structuring disease either at the same or different times

Growth: G0: no evidence of growth delay / **G1:** growth delay

In case of UC and IBD-U:

Localization: E1: ulcerative proctitis / **E2:** left-sided UC (distal to splenic flexure) / **E3:** extensive colitis (hepatic flexure distally) / **E4:** pancolitis (proximal to hepatic flexure) cannot be judged, no complete colonoscopy was performed

Severity: S0 (PUCAI < 65) / S1 (PUCAI \ge 65)

Has the patient recently experienced: steroid dependency / steroid refractory / no

Was the patient recently admitted to the hospital due to IBD? Yes / No

If yes, What was the reason? disease relapse / complication / other.....

Was dose modification needed at any of the currently taken drugs? Yes / No

if yes: dose elevation / dose reduction / frequency increase / frequency decrease

Which drug's dose was modified?....

New dose of the drug?.....

Dosage:....

Dosage interval: daily / weekly Unit: g, mg, NE, packet, piece

doseage interval: daily / weekly

other consideration:



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Was the discontinuation of a currently taken drug needed? Yes / No	
If yes, the name of the drug:	
the reason for the discontinuing: side effect / intolerance / infusion reaction / primary nonresponse / secondary loss of response / financial reasons / refractory / dependency/	,
infection / other	
If side effect, name it:	
If infection, name it:	
Was the initiation of a completely new drug(s) needed? Yes / No	
If yes, name of the drug:	
active substance:	
dose:	
unit: g / mg / NE / packet / piece	
dosage:	
dosage interval: daily / weekly	
method of administration: intravenous / per os / subcutan / cone / enteral / rectal (enem	ıa)
other consideration:	
the reason for starting a new drug: disease activity / ineffectiveness of the currently taken drug(s) / due to the patient's complaints / intolerance of currently taken drug(s) / fistula formation	
6. Current drug therapy	
the name of the drug:	
active substance:	
dose:dose	
unit of measure: gramm / milligram / NE / packet / piece	
in case of liquid, concentration:	
doseage:	
doseage interval: daily / weekly	
method of administration: intravenous / per os / subcutan / cone / enteral / rectal (enema)	
other consideration:	
the name of the days	
the name of the drug: active substance:	
dose:	
unit of measure: gramm / milligram / NE / packet / piece	
in case of liquid, concentration:	
doseage:	
doseage interval: daily / weekly	
method of administration: intravenous / per os / subcutan / cone / enteral / rectal (enema)	
other consideration:	
the name of the drug:	
active substance:	
dose:	
unit of measure: gramm / milligram / NE / packet / piece	
in case of liquid, concentration:	
doseage:	

method of administration: intravenous / per os / subcutan / cone / enteral / rectal (enema)

IBD-KID



Does the patient take any formula? Yes / No

Is iron substitution needed? Yes / No

If yes, the name of the applied iron substitution:.....the way of intake: intravenous / per os

Does the patient follow any kind of diet? Yes / No

If yes, what kind of diet does the patient keep?.....

Has the patient been transferred to adult care: Yes / No

If yes, transition / transfer

If transition: number of transition visit:(number)

If transfer: Was there telephone consultation with a gastroenterologist? Yes / No

7. Status, present complaints

 Weight:
 (kg)

 Height:
 (m)

 BMI:
 (kg/m2)

 Percentile:
 (pc)

Pediatric Crohn's Disease Activity Index (PCDAI)

1. ANAMNESIS

Abdominal pain:

none 0 point mild, does not interfere with activities 5 point moderate / severe, affect activities 10 point

Number of stools per day

0-1x, no blood 0 point 1-2x, semi formed, small blood or 2-5x, liquid 5 point ≥6 liquid, gross blood, or nocturnal diarrhea 10 point

General well-being of the child

Well, no limitations of activities 0 point
Occasional difficulty in maintaining age-appropriate activities 5 point
frequent limitation of activity 10 point

2. Laboratory

Hematocrit:

> 34% 0 point 30-33% 2,5point < 29% 5 point

We (mm/h) or CRP (mg/l):

< 20 0 point 20-50 2,5 point > 50 5 point

Albumin (g/l):

> 35 0 point 31-34 5 point < 30 10 point

IBD-KID



Weight development

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Adequate growth} & 0 \text{ point} \\ \text{Held weight, 1-9\% weight loss} & 5 \text{ point} \\ \text{Weight loss} \geq & 10\% & 10 \text{ point} \\ \end{array}$

Lack of length growing

< 1 SD 0 point 1-2 SD 5 point > 2 SD 10 point

Abdomen

No tenderness, no mass 0 point
Tenderness; or mass, without abdominal pain 5 point
Tenderness/ abdominal pain, mass 10 point

Perirectal disease

None 0 point 1-2 indolent fistulae, scant drainage, and no tenderness 5 point Active fistula, abscess 10 point

Extraintestinal manifestation (Fever ≥ 38.5 °C (101.3°F) for 3 days over past week, arthritis, uveitis, erythema nodosum, or pyoderma gangrenosum)

None 0 point 1 5 point ≥ 2 10 point

Results

PCDAI scores (min 0 - max 100 point):

Total remission, no activation< 10</th>Mild activity11-30Severe, expressed activity31-100

<u>Pediatric Ulcerative Colitis Activity Index (PUCAI)</u>

Abdominal pain:

None 0 point
Mild, pain can be ignored 5 point
Moderate / severe pain cannot be ignored 10 point

Rectal bleeding

None 0 point
Small amount only, in <50% of stools 10 point
Small amount only, in >50% of stools 20 point
Large amount, in >50% of stools 30 point

Stool consistency of most stools

Formed 0 point
Partially formed 5 point
Completely unformed 10 point

Number of stools / 24h

0-2 0 point 3-5 5 point 6-8 10 point > 8 15 point

Nocturnal stools

No 0 point Yes 10 point

IBD-KID



General well-being of the child

No limitations of activity	0 point
Occasional limitations of activity	5 point
Severe restricted activity	10 point

Results

PUCAI scores (min 0 – max 85):.....

Total remisison, no activity	< 10
mild activity	10-34
moderate activity	35-64
severe activity	65<

MINI index

Stool (previous week)

0-1 normal or liquid stool without blood	0 point
≤2 stool with blood, or 2-5 liquid stool	4 point
Large amount of blood, or > 5 liquid stool, or nocturnal stool	8 point

Fecal calprotectin

-3 point
0 point
5 point
7 point
9 point
12 point

ESR and CRP (assess both of them or just one)

We $< 10 \text{ mm/h}$ or CRP $< 5 \text{mg/L}$	0 point
30 > We > 10 mm/h or 10 > CRP > 5 mg/L	1 point
50 > We > 30 mm/h or 30 > CRP > 10 mg/L	2 point
We > 50 mm/h or CRP >30 mg/L	5 point

Results

MINI index scores (min -3 – max 25 point):....

cut off: < 6 mucosal healing, > 8 mucosal inflammation

IBD-KID



Activity of CD with fistula: PDAI (perianal disease activity index): Does the patient sexually active? Yes / No / not known

	QUESTIONS	Points
1	Discharge: 0 pont = no discharge; 1 = minimal mucous discharge; 2 = moderate mucous or purulent discharge; 3 = substantial discharge; 4 = gross fecal soiling	
2	Pain/ restriction of activities: 0 = no activity restriction; 1 = mild discomfort, no restriction; 2 = moderate discomfort, some limitation activities; 3 = marked discomfort, marked limitation; 4 = severe pain, severe limitation	
3	Restriction of sexual activity: 0 = no restriction in sexual activity; 1 = slight; 2 = moderate; 3 = marked; 4 = unable to engage in sexual activity	
4	Type of the perianal disease: 0 = no perianal disease/ skin tags; 1 = anal fissure or mucosal tear; 2 = <3 perianal fistula; 3 = >3 perianal fistula; 4 = anal sphincter ulceration or fistula with significant undermining of skin	
5	Degree of infiltration: 0 = no; 1 = minimal induration; 2 = moderate induration; 3 = substantial induration; 4 = abscess	
	PDAI score:	



8. Serum tests

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (We) (mm/h)	
CRP (mg/l)	
Blood	Yes / No
WBC count (G/l)	
RBC count (T/l)	
Hemoglobin (g/l)	
Hematocrit (%)	
MCV	
Platelet count (G/l)	
Ions	Yes / No
Sodium (mmol/l)	1057110
Potassium (mmol/l)	
Calcium (mmol/l)	
Magnesium (mmol/l)	
Phosphate (mmol/l)	
Chloride (mmol/l)	
Iron (umol/l)	
Pancreas	Yes / No
Glucose (mmol/l)	105/110
Alfa amilase (U/l)	
Lipase (U/l)	
Renal function	Yes / No
Urea nitrogen (Carbamid / BUN) (mmol/l)	103/110
Creatinin (umol/l)	
eGFR	
COLK	
Liver function	Ves / No
Liver function Total hiliruhin (umol/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR	
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism	Yes / No Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l)	
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Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l) Triglicerides (mmol/l) Uric acid (umol/l)	
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l) Triglicerides (mmol/l) Uric acid (umol/l) TSH (mU/l)l	
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Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l) Triglicerides (mmol/l) Uric acid (umol/l) TSH (mU/l)l HgbA1C (%) Proteins	
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Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l) Triglicerides (mmol/l) Uric acid (umol/l) TSH (mU/l)l HgbA1C (%) Proteins Total protein (g/l) Albumin (g/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l) Triglicerides (mmol/l) Uric acid (umol/l) TSH (mU/l)l HgbA1C (%) Proteins Total protein (g/l) Albumin (g/l) Globulin alfa1 (g/l)	Yes / No
Total bilirubin (umol/l) Direct/conjugated bilirubin (umol/l) Indirect bilirubin (umol/l) ASAT / GOT (U/l) ALAT / GPT (U/l) Gamma GT (U/l) Alkaline phosphatase (U/l) Lactate dehydrogenase LDH (U/l) Protrombin (%) Protrombin INR Metabolism Cholesterol (mmol/l) Triglicerides (mmol/l) Uric acid (umol/l) TSH (mU/l)l HgbA1C (%) Proteins Total protein (g/l) Albumin (g/l)	Yes / No





Globulin gamma (g/l)	
Fibrinogen (g/l)	
IBD	Yes / No
Calprotectin (µg/g)	
Procalcitonin (ng/ml)	
IgA (g/l)	
IgM (g/l)	
IgG (g/l)	
Ferritin (ug/l)	
Transferrin saturation (%)	
B12 level (pmol/l)	
Folic acid (nmol/l)	
ASCA IgA	
ASCA IgG	
ANA	
pANCA	
IgG4 (g/l)	
CEA (ug/l)	
CA 19-9 (U/ml)	
Infliximab TL (ug/ml)	
Adalimumab TL (ug/ml)	
Anti-Infliximab antibody (ug/ml)	
Anti-Adalimumab antibody (ug/ml)	
Vvt.6-TGN (pmol/8x108 RBC)	

9. Other comments